



INSTALLATION, OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL

applicable to printer models:

Thermocode 53S

Thermocode 53M

Thermocode 53L

Thermocode 107S

Thermocode 107M

Thermocode 107L

with

TC2-ES POWER SUPPLY

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Standard Warranty Terms and Conditions

Open Date thermal transfer printers carry a twelve (12) month return to base (at our discretion) warranty, with the exception of the following parts (where fitted):-

- Thermal Printhead.
- Lower roller (rubber roller)
- Cassette springs and belts.
- Cassette rubber drive roller.
- Print base rubber or lower roller assembly.

Static electricity

Warning, static electricity may damage the printer or printhead. On many film type installations, the material produces static electricity which may cause printer problems or printhead failure. Open Date does not accept any warranty claims for damage to the printer or printhead caused by static electricity.

If you are in doubt about your installation please contact your supplier.

Printhead warranty

The printhead assembly (ASY762199 or ASY762200) carries a 50 kilometres or 12 months warranty which ever is the soonest. Should the printhead fail during this period, the replacement printhead will carry the balance of the existing warranty.

Refer to the ribbon specifications sheet on page 25, check the correct width of thermal transfer ribbon is being used and has the appropriate silicone back coating to protect the printhead.

The printhead warranty will not be valid if:-

- The full width ribbon is not being used. This will be apparent by excessive wear on the edges of the printhead (see page 25).
- Mechanical damage is apparent from abuse.
- The spy chip board has been removed or damaged in any way.
- Cleaning procedures have not been followed (see pages 28 & 29).
- Installation and maintenance procedures are not correct (see pages 4-10, 30 & 31).
- The print base used is not as specified (see page 3).
- The printhead angle has not been set up correctly.
- Static electricity is found.
- Recommended Open Date ribbon is not being used (see page 25 for ribbon specifications).
- Printing substrate or ribbon is found to be abrasive.
- Operating temperature is outside of the range 0°C to 60°C.

We reserve the right to charge for components replaced during the warranty period which are damaged due to any of the above conditions not being followed or met.

Printhead Spy Chip

Contained within the printhead assembly is a small microchip this is programmed when the head is first assembled and tested to retain the following information:-

- Printhead resistance value (ohms).
- Printhead width (Dots).
- Printhead serial number.
- Printhead data lines.
- Programmed factory date.
- Printhead angle.

During printer start up the spy chip is read by the software to determine the width of printhead. The software then automatically adjusts the resistance value to compensate for the correct print burn calculations. Whilst printing the spy chip continually records the print distance achieved during the life of the printhead.

Recorded printhead data can be viewed through the Service menu on the mini-terminal display.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

1. Read these instructions carefully. Follow all warnings and instructions marked on the product.
2. Always disconnect the printer and Power Supply from the mains electrical supply before attempting to clean or service the product.
3. Never operate the printer, unless it is installed within the mounting frame supplied. When installed correctly, the gap between the printer and print base should be nominally 1mm.
4. Do not use the product near water. Never spill liquid of any kind on to the product.
5. Do not place this product on an unstable stand, table or machine. It may fall causing serious injury to the operator or damage to the product.
6. Never insert objects of any kind into this product through any openings or gaps as they may touch dangerous voltage points or short circuit parts that could result in fire or electric shock.
7. This product should only be connected to the type of electrical supply as indicated on the label located on the rear of the power supply.
8. Ensure that the printer connection cable is fully secured to the printer and power supply with the screws supplied. Failure to do this will result in the machine not being properly earthed.
9. Use only the power cable supplied with the product. The cable supplied is three core, utilising one wire as a grounding conductor. This must be connected to a suitable earth point at the electrical supply. This is a safety feature. If any doubt arises in trying to connect the power cable, please contact the manufacturer or the agent who supplied the product.
10. Do not allow anything to rest on the power cable. Do not locate the product where people could walk on the cable.
11. If an extension cable is used with this product, make sure that the total ampere ratings of the equipment plugged into the extension cable does not exceed the extension cable ampere rating. Also make sure that the total rating does not exceed the fuse rating.
12. Do not service this product yourself as opening or removing guards may expose you to dangerous voltages, major burns and other risks. Refer all servicing to qualified personnel.
13. Do not attempt to use to use this product in areas where explosive gases or substances are present.
14. Under the following conditions always disconnect the electrical supply and refer to a qualified service engineer.
 - a. If the power cable is damaged or frayed.
 - b. If the printer connection cables are damaged in any way.
 - c. If liquid has been spilled into the product has been exposed to water.
 - D. If the product does not operate normally when the operating instructions are followed.
15. Adjust only those controls covered by these instructions. Improper adjustment could result in permanent damage, requiring qualified technicians to restore the product to normal operating conditions.
16. Do not touch the printer or power supply with wet or moist hands.
17. Do not use the printer without thermal transfer ribbon as the printhead is likely to become damaged.

Introduction

- This manual describes the basic installation, operation and maintenance of Thermocode 2 printers.
- Print formats are designed using an external computer running appropriate software then downloaded to the printer.
- The mini-terminal is used to select and modify pre-stored formats, variables and printer parameters.
- The mechanical adjustments that can be made to the printer are minimal. Normally the printer is installed in a standard frame which sets the correct clearance from the print pad. To ensure proper printer operation the correct detailed dimensions must be obtained from Open Date when constructing custom frames or mountings.

Product Overview

The following components are supplied ready for installation.

- 1 Thermocode Series 2 printer, complete with cassette.
- 1 Power supply unit type TC2-ES
- 1 Mini terminal display.
- 1 Power supply interconnection lead 1.5 metres long (also available in 3, 5 or 6 metre lengths).
- 1 roll of thermal transfer ribbon, to suit printer (wax/resin quality).
- 1 Printer manual (complete with CD containing printer firmware and fonts)
- 1 Printhead cleaning kit consisting of 50 printhead cleaning wipes (Isopropyl alcohol)
- 1 Serial programming lead (3 metres long, 9 way "D" connector).
- 1 Print pad, to suit printer.
- 1 RecoverMode software backup program (allows customer to back up all printer data)
- 1 Codesoft Premier package, (Windows design software) with Codesoft installation manual

Optional Extras

Standard or custom designed mounting frame
 USB & TCP/IP Connections & Leads
 Additional 4MB Memory

Printer Technical Information

- Maximum print area. (See pages 45 & 46)
- Printhead resolution - 12 dots per mm (300 dots per inch).
- 3.4 Megabytes memory for storing fonts, graphics and custom designed print formats.
- Single direction printing.
- Print designs are stored along with all parameters, allowing quick access for printing.
- Automatic updating of printer memory when editing formats.
- Automatic selection of supply voltage from 100 to 240Vac, 50/60hz, single phase.
- Real Time/Date printing with specified offsets if required.
- Sequential numbering and Barcode printing.
- All text, graphics, lines and boxes can be printed in all four orientations (0, 90, 180, 270 degrees).

Print Base Rubber Specifications

Hardness: - "40 - 50 Shore A" Silicone Rubber. (Colour mid blue)

Thickness: - 4.75mm Silicone Rubber bonded to 4.75mm thick Aluminium sheet.

(Minimum 2.0 thickness)

Flatness: - Supplied with ground surface finish, -0.03mm to +0.03mm as per printhead heater specification.

Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT

To minimise risk of personal injury and avoid damage to equipment before starting installation:

- Read the safety information in this manual (page 2).
 - Ensure that the parent machine is switched off and securely isolated from the mains supply.
 - Make all electrical connections after the equipment is mounted and secured.
 - Do not apply power to printer or parent machine until connections have been checked
1. Install the Thermocode Series 2 printer in the mounting frame, ensuring that the orientation for the application and clearance between the printer and print base rubber is correct. **Consult Open Date before using a non-standard frame or mounting.**
 2. Connect the printer and power supply using the interconnection lead supplied. The lead has been specifically designed, so it cannot be fitted incorrectly. Ensure that the plugs and sockets are inserted fully before tightening the fixing screws.
 3. As a minimum, each installation must have an automatic trigger signal* from the parent machine, sent at the point in the process where a print is desired. This signal can be:
 - A process controlled relay within the parent machine (voltage free)
 - A process controlled 24 Volt pulsed output signal .
 - A stand-alone micro switch.
 - A stand-alone PNP / NPN sensor suited to the process / substrate (e.g; proximity, colour mark, contrast)Refer to pages 6 & 7 for details of connections according to the chosen print triggering method.
 4. Care must be taken when using print trigger signals not under control of the parent machine to prevent unexpected / false triggering that could damage the printer or associated equipment.
 5. Up to three interface relays are available in the PSU to allow printer status to be communicated to the parent machine or external equipment such as beacons & sounders.
Refer to page 5 for details of available software configured relay functions & set up)
See pages 6 & 7, TC2-ES Power Supply manual for relay connections and maximum ratings.

***NOTE!**

By default printing occurs immediately on receiving a print trigger signal. The response time to print trigger signals can be delayed using the Supervisor menu on the Mini-terminal display. Selecting "Delay Menu" allows delays from 0 – 999mS to be set (see page 20).

Control Relays 1, 2 & 3. Programmable Functions

The **TC2-ES** power supply contains three volt free, floating contact relays used to interface with the parent machine.
(see pages 6 & 7 for relay connections and maximum ratings)

Relay functions can be changed using the mini-terminal to suit specific requirements.
Options (default) are shown below. (To change relay function see software flowchart, page 20)

Relay 1 (4 options)

<0> Stop Machine

The relay operates after each print cycle giving a trigger/inhibit signal to the parent machine after printing or when the cassette is removed.

<1> Sequence (default software setting)

The relay operates after each print cycle giving a trigger/inhibit signal to the parent machine after printing.

<2> Ready

The relay operates when print images are being generated etc. (When the printer is off line)

<3> Future development

<4> 100ms pulse

The relay is pulsed for a 100 milliseconds

Relay 2 (5 options)

<0> Start Machine

The relay operates after each print cycle giving a trigger/inhibit signal to the parent machine after printing or when the cassette is removed.

<1> Low Foil (default software setting)

The relay operates when the amount of Thermal Ribbon left in metres reaches a pre-programmed amount, and is visually indicated to the operator "Low Foil" on the status line of the mini-terminal display.

<2> Ready

The relay operates when print images are being generated etc. (When the printer is off line)

<3> 100ms pulse

The relay is pulsed for a 100 milliseconds

<4> 100ms pulse

The relay is pulsed for a 100 milliseconds

Relay 3 (4 options)

<0> Fault Only

The relay operates when the printer's internal sensors detect a fault or error condition. Typical examples of this are when the Cassette is removed or if the Thermal Ribbon is broken.

<1> Fault & Ready (default software setting)

The relay operates as option 1, but will also operate when print images are being generated etc. The relay should be connected to inhibit the parent machine should any printer fault occur.

<2> Future development

<3> 100ms pulse

The relay is pulsed for a 100 milliseconds

<4> 100ms pulse

The relay is pulsed for a 100 milliseconds

Power Supply I/O Connection Diagram

DISCONNECT FROM THE MAINS SUPPLY BEFORE OPENING THE CASE
DO NOT WORK ON THE PSU WITH THE MAINS CABLE CONNECTED

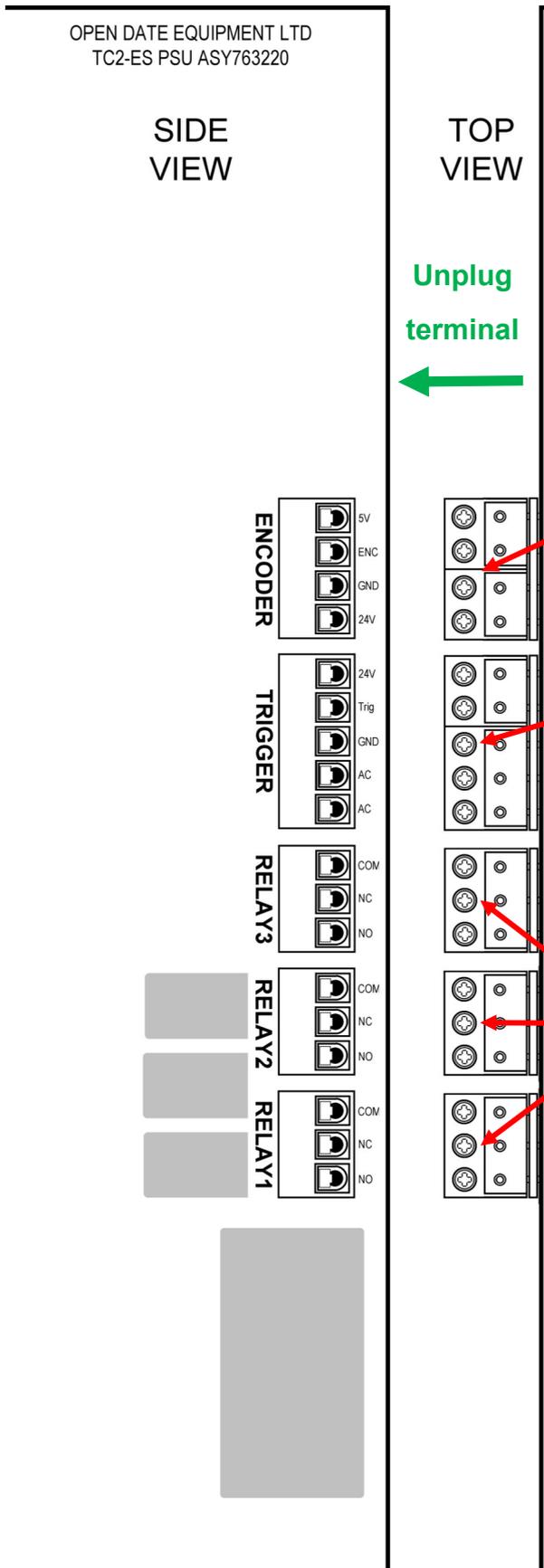


Illustration shows side and top views of the I/O terminals for interface to external equipment.

Do not apply excessive downward pressure on the terminals when tightening screws.

The terminals can be unplugged in the direction shown.

Refer to page 7 for connection information.

ENCODER (J5)

- 5V** +5V encoder power
- ENC** Encoder pulse input
- GND** 0V encoder power
- 24V** +24V encoder power.

TRIGGER (J4) (see triggering, page 7)

- 24V** Volt free trigger
- Trig** Voltage trigger.
- GND** Voltage trigger.
- VT** Voltage trigger.

RELAY 1/2/3 (J1,2,3)

- COM** Common terminal
- NC** Normally closed. Connected to COM when relay is not energised
- NO** Normally open. Connected to COM when relay is energised

I/O Connection Details

TO AVOID DAMAGE AND RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK CONNECTIONS MUST ONLY BE MADE WITH THE POWER CABLE DISCONNECTED.

(Refer to the diagram on page 6.)

The protective earth (mains conductor), the 0V terminals of the internal power supply modules, the 0V of the print head and the 0V from the printer electronics are all common.

ENCODER (J5)

Used with continuous printers only.

Connect encoder +ive wire to **5V** or **24V** (depending on encoder voltage)

Connect encoder 0V wire to **GND**

Connect encoder pulse output (Q) to **ENC**

Maximum current from **5V** terminal; 100mA

PRINT TRIGGERING:

See page 8 for selection of Leading or Trailing print trigger.

Volt free triggering

Use external relay or switch with volt free contacts.

Connect the **Trig** terminal to one contact.

Connect EITHER **24V** or **GND** to the other contact.

Do not connect the 24V and GND terminals together.

Voltage triggering

Connect voltage trigger source to terminals **VT** and **VT**. Any voltage from 10 to 30V may be used, polarity is un-important.

PNP/NPN sensor triggering

Connect sensor +ive wire (usually brown) to **24V**

Connect sensor 0V wire (usually blue) to **GND**

Connect sensor output wire (Q, usually black or white) to **Trig**. (See * below)

***Diode type 1N4007 may needed in the Q wire from the sensor for correct operation. (anode to Q, cathode to Trig.)**

The PSU configures automatically for PNP or NPN sensors.

RELAY 1,2,3

SPO relays with voltage free contacts

(Maximum contact ratings; 0.6A @ 125Vac, 0.6A @ 110Vdc, 2A @ 30Vdc)

Relay is energised when blue LED on front panel is lit

COM is connected to **NC** when the relay is not energised.

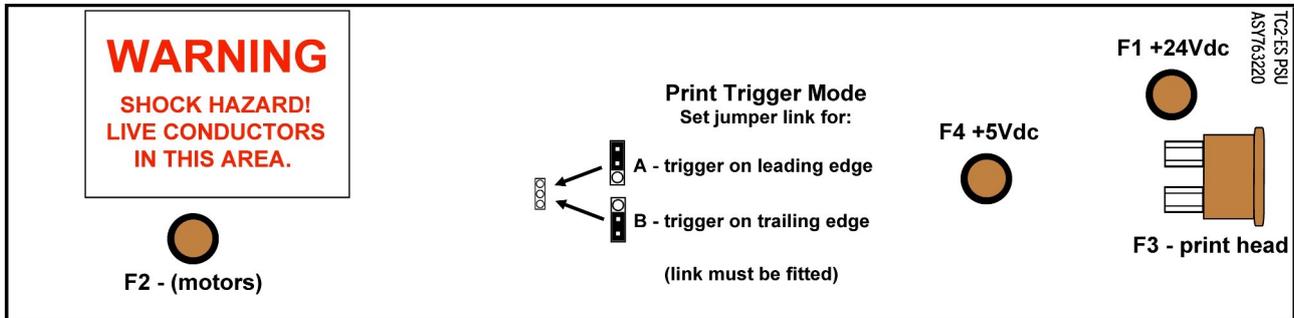
COM is connected to **NO** when the relay is energised.

Location of fuses and print trigger mode setting

**DISCONNECT THE MAINS CABLE BEFORE OPENING THE CASE
DO NOT WORK ON THE PSU WITH THE MAINS CABLE CONNECTED**

Diagram below shows location of DC fuses and print trigger setting link on the rear of the main pcb, accessible from the right hand side of the PSU.

Attention is drawn to the warning label indicating the presence of dangerous voltages on the pcb.



FUSES and Ratings

FUSES MUST BE REPLACED WITH THE SAME TYPE AND RATING

Located on the main PCB:

| No. | Ref. | Type | Circuit |
|-----|-----------|-----------------|--|
| F1 | FUS783022 | T2A Radial | 24V (not print head), 5V dc/dc converter & 9V regulator. |
| F2 | FUS783022 | T2A Radial | 48V stepper motor drives. |
| F3 | FUS763029 | 7.5A automotive | 24V switched output to print head. |
| F4 | FUS783022 | T2A Radial | 5V output from dc/dc converter. |

Located under the mains inlet on the front panel:

| | | | |
|----|-----------|------------------|--------|
| F5 | FUS783020 | T2A HRC 20 x 5mm | Mains. |
|----|-----------|------------------|--------|

Note: The 5V and 9Vdc supplies are derived from the 24Vdc supply. If fuse F1 blows the 5 and 9V supplies will not be present.

PRINT TRIGGER SETTING

Printing can be triggered on the leading (trigger switch closes) or trailing (trigger switch opens) edges by setting the jumper link shown above to the A or B position.

Position A Printing is triggered at the start of a trigger pulse (leading edge).

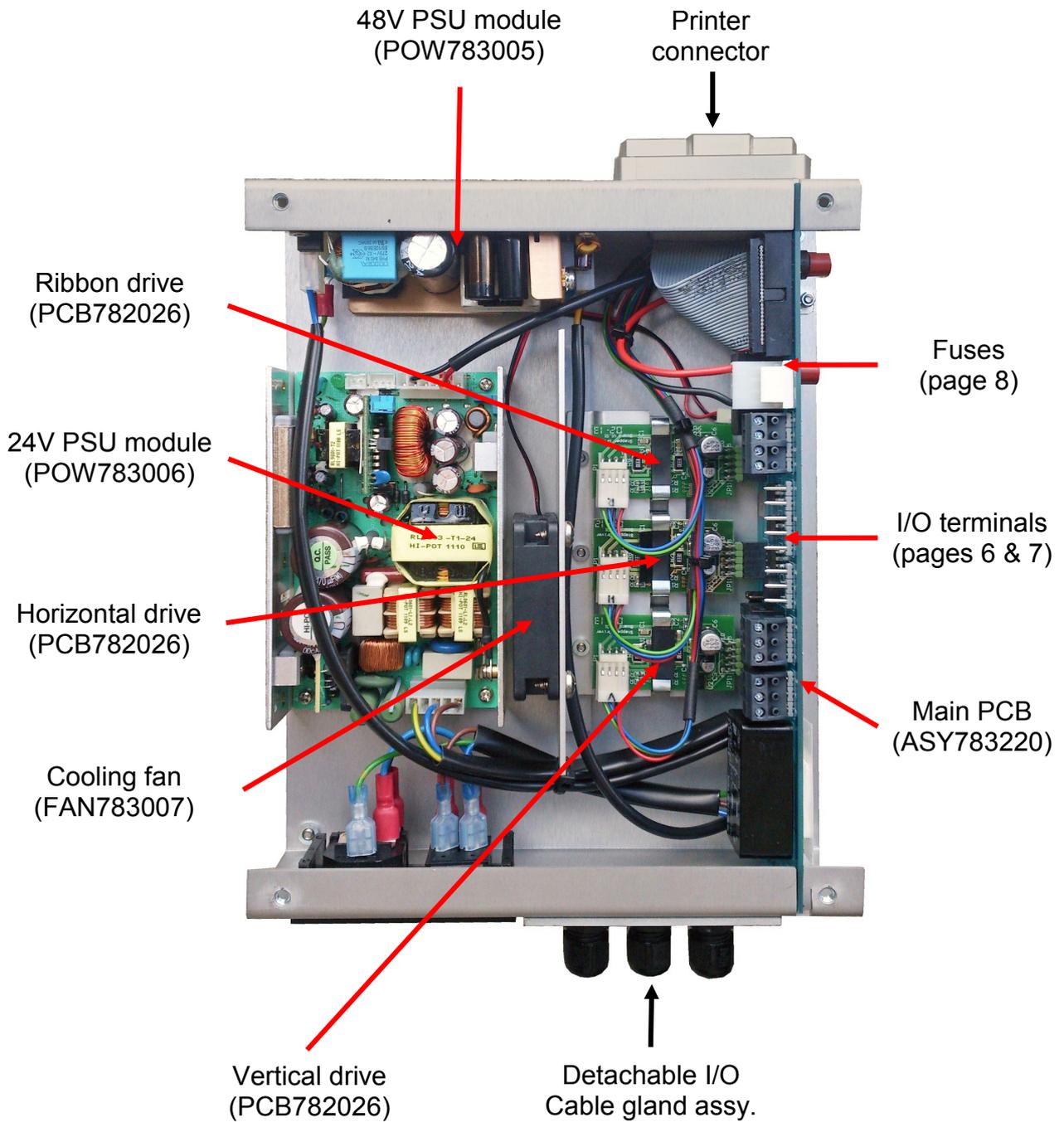
Position B Printing is triggered at the end of a trigger pulse (trailing edge).

NB. The jumper link must be fitted to position A or B. A trigger pulse will not be generated if the link is not fitted.

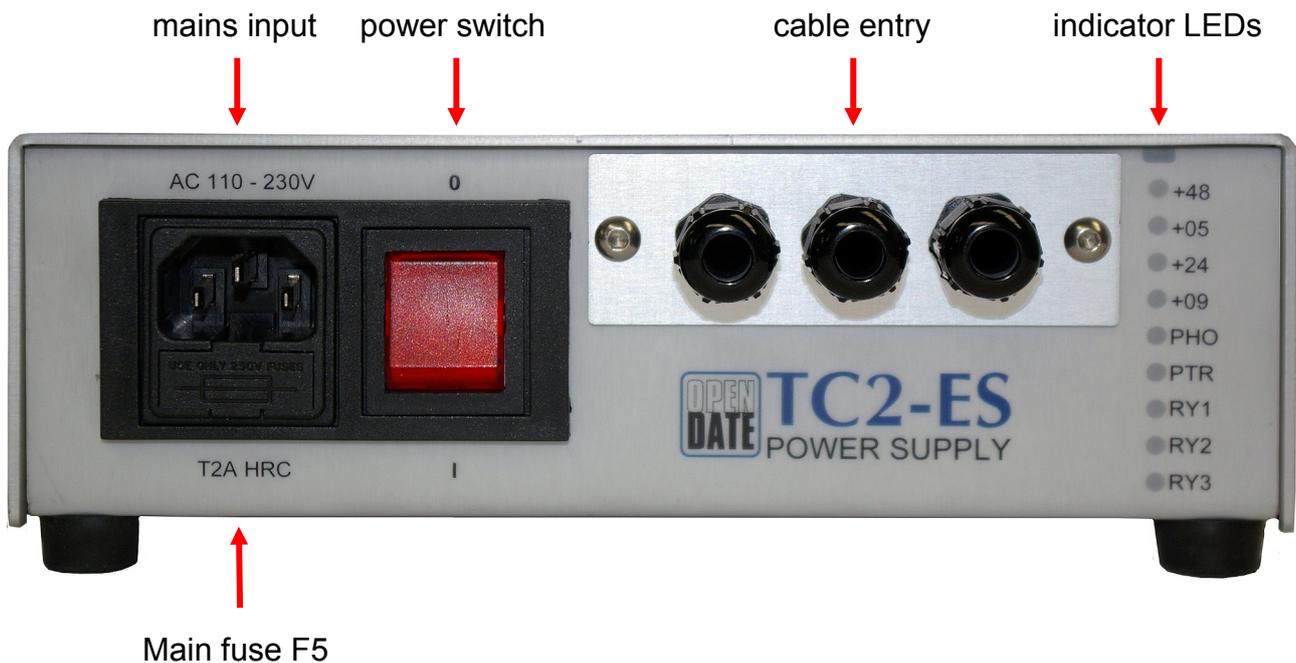
Power Supply Internal Layout

View inside PSU showing layout and main components (with part numbers).

Disconnect supply before removing cover.



Power Supply Front Panel



AC mains input:

Accepts IEC C13 power cable (standard 'kettle' lead).
 Switch PSU off before disconnecting
SHOCK HAZARD! Disconnect the power cable **BEFORE** opening the case.
DO NOT work on the PSU with the power lead connected.

Main fuse F5:

Fuse located in rear compartment of drawer.
 For continued protection always replace fuse with the same type and rating.

Cable entry:

Release by undoing the two screws. The terminals inside can be unplugged. This makes the PSU easy to replace.

Indicator LEDs:

| | |
|------------|---|
| +48 | 48Vdc present. (motor drives). |
| +05 | 5Vdc present.* |
| +24 | 24Vdc present. |
| +09 | 9Vdc present.* (keypad display). |
| PHO | Print Head Output. 24V supply to print head is active when lit. |
| PTR | Print Trigger. Lights briefly when a print trigger is received. |
| RY1 | Relay 1 energised. |
| RY2 | Relay 2 energised. |
| RY3 | Relay 3 energised. |

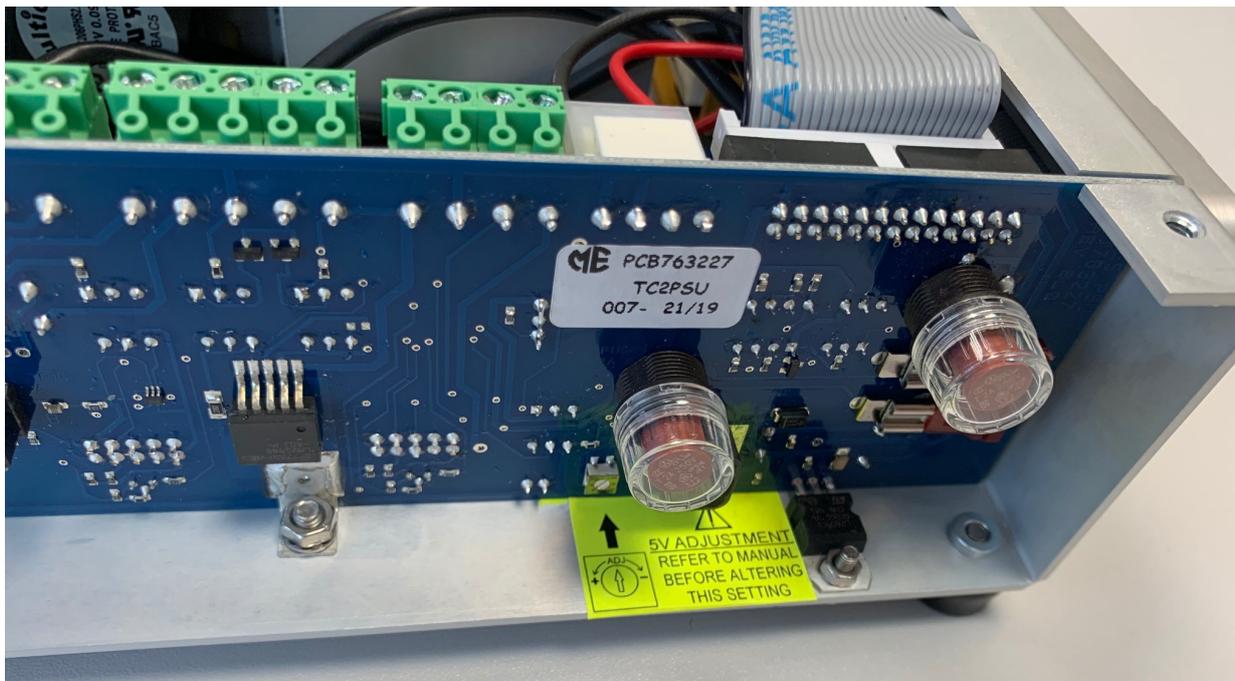
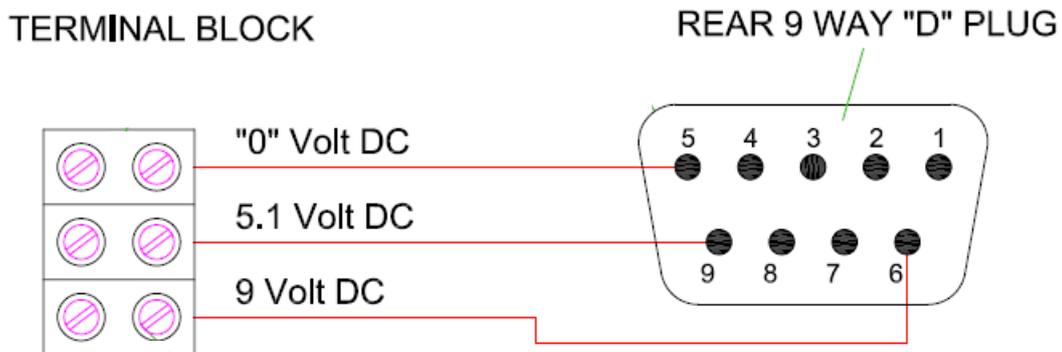
*The 5 & 9V supplies are derived from the 24V supply. No 24V supply means no 5 or 9V supply.

Setting 5 Volts

If a Printer is fitted with a power supply interconnection cable longer than 1.5 metres it may be necessary to adjust the 5 volts DC supply to 5.1 volts otherwise the printer may not function correctly.

The voltage can be measured across pins 5 and 9 on the 9 way serial connector located on the side of the printer and can be adjusted using the potentiometer located within the power supply unit.

Should access to the serial connector be restricted it may help to make up a simple test lead as shown

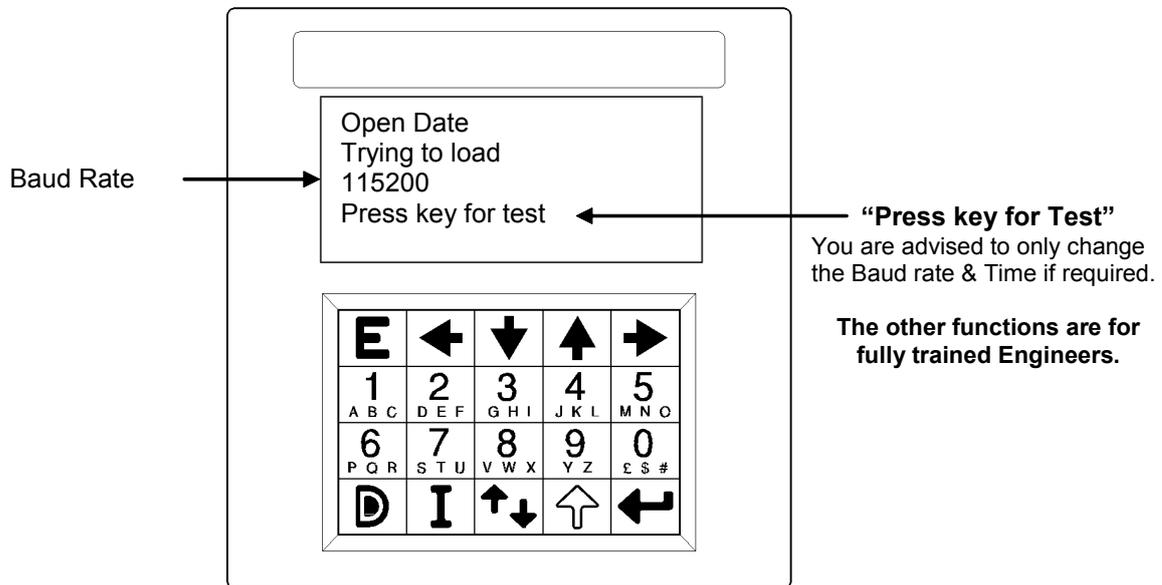


Adjust the 5 volt DC supply using the potentiometer indicated by the arrow on the yellow label within the power supply.

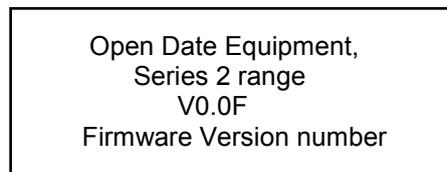
System Start Up Sequence

Ensure if a standard mounting frame is used, it is fully closed before switching on the printer.

After power up the mini-terminal screen briefly shows the information below:



The system then loads the TC2 software. When this is complete the screen changes, showing:



After a few seconds, the printer will perform a standard sequence of operations to determine:

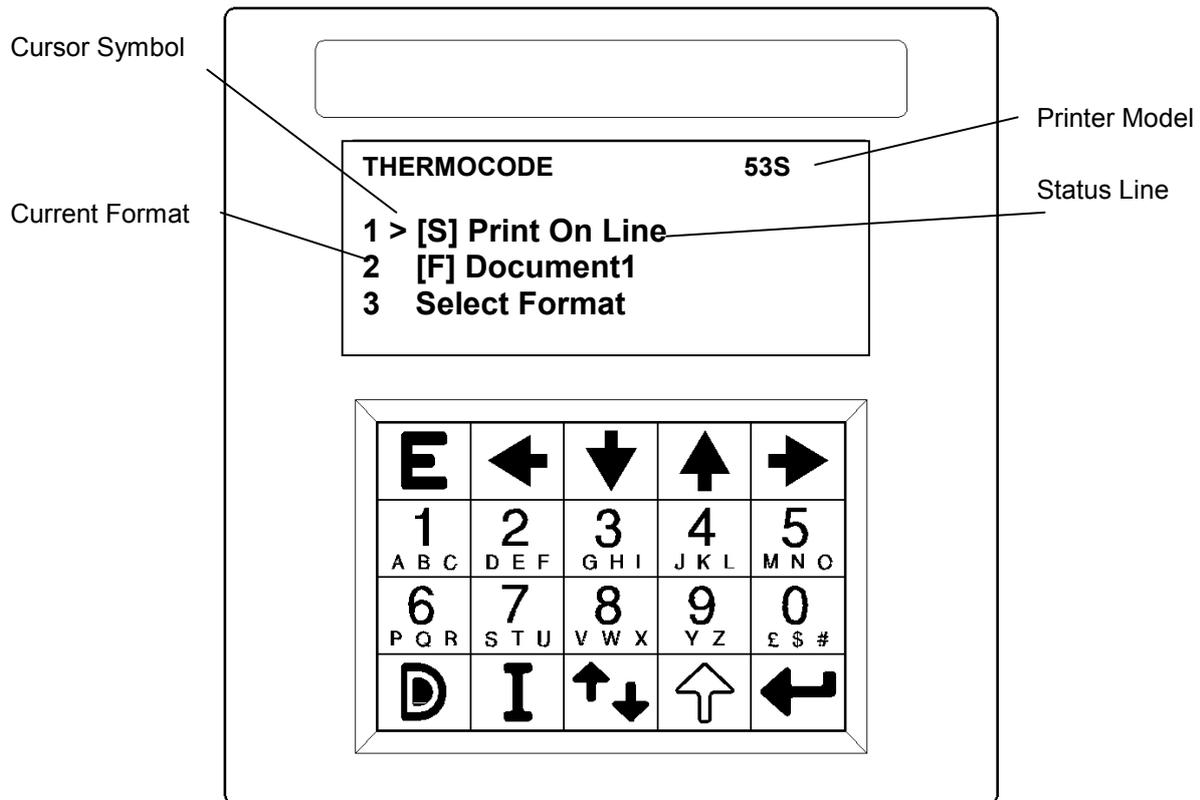
- print head width.
- maximum print length.
- height of printer above print base

These parameters are used by the software to determine the maximum printable area (and therefore the model of printer) and the correct print head height above the print base.

The next page shows the information displayed on the mini terminal screen on completion of the start up sequence.

System Start Up Sequence continued

When the start up sequence has been successfully completed the mini-terminal display will change to show the following information:



[S] Status Line

This line on the display shows the current status of the printer. If errors have occurred the display show "error" and by either pressing the enter key when the cursor is next to the error or by just pressing "1" on the keypad all errors will be listed.

[F] Document1

This line on the display shows the current format image that is ready to print, pressing number 2 on the keypad would allow the user to edit all functions relevant to the design.

Accessing menu functions - Note!

Accessing of all menu functions can be done by either of two ways:-

Moving the cursor next to the function you wish to go to and press "Enter".
Simply press the required number next to the function you require.

See next page for a full description of the keys on the Mini-Terminal display unit.

MINI TERMINAL (Key mapping)

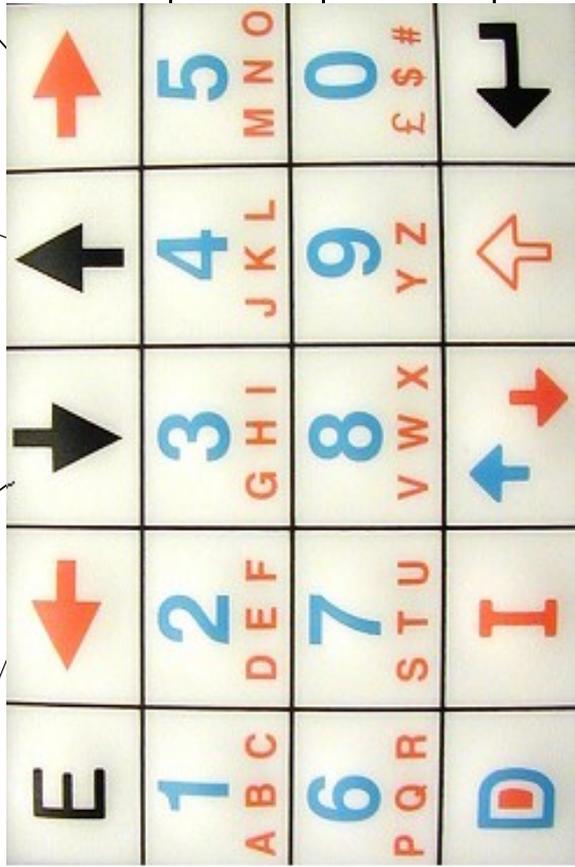
LEFT ARROW KEY
 Moves the cursor to the left when editing, or to toggle different fields
 Format selection display A to Z

ESCAPE KEY
 Returns to the previous menu
 Does not save any data changed

CHARACTER INPUT KEYS
 Used to access menu options
 When selecting formats allow the user to move through the pages
 1 = move 1 page up (3 lines)
 6 = move 1 page down (3 lines)

DELETE KEY
 Deletes character when editing variable fields.
 Used to select a format with PSMT Mini Terminal

INSERT KEY
 When editing text fields, allows the insertion of special characters not shown on the key pad.
 When pressed will display a list of options allowing a choice of character styles. (Punctuation, French, German etc



DOWN ARROW KEY
 Moves the cursor down to the next field on the screen

UP ARROW KEY
 Moves the cursor up to the next field on the screen

RIGHT ARROW KEY
 Moves the cursor to the right when editing, or to toggle different fields
 Format selection display Z to A

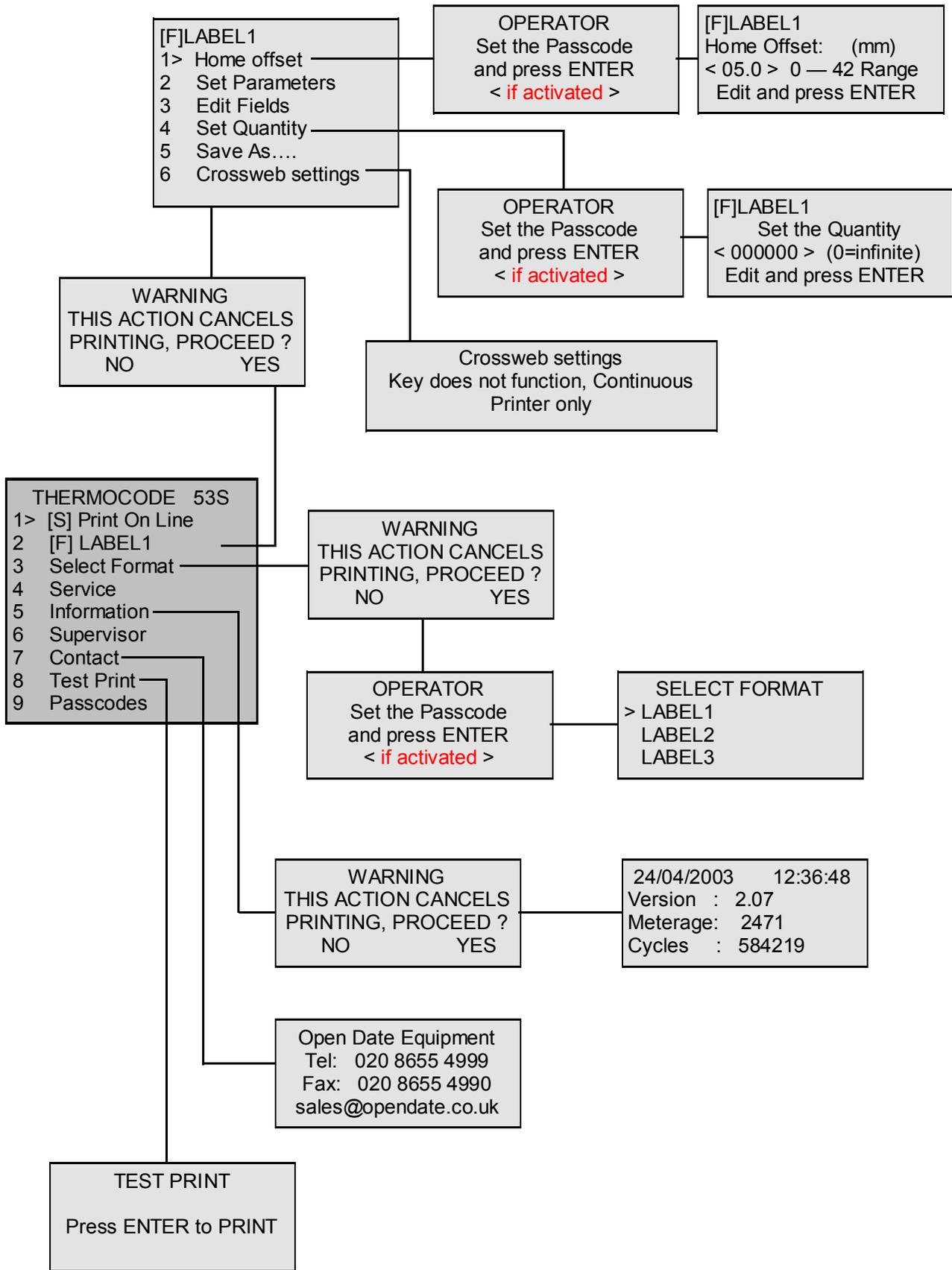
CHARACTER INPUT KEYS
 Used to access menu options
 When editing text fields, allows the input of characters shown on the keys. This dependent on how the shift and alphanumeric keys have been activated.
 The key may need pressing more than once to display the required alpha character

ENTER KEY
 Accepts your selection.
 Returns to the previous menu and saves any data changed after editing

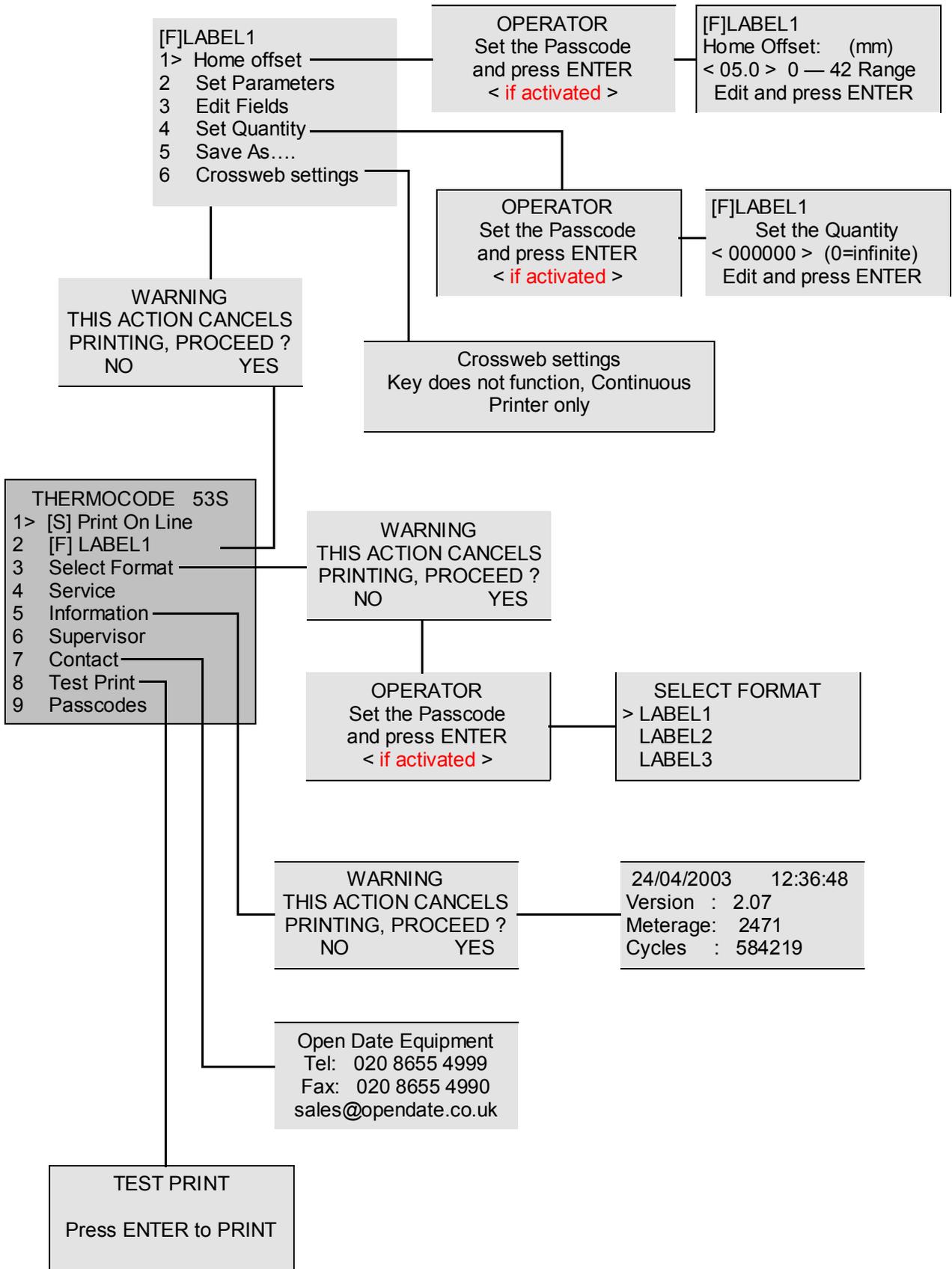
ALPHANUMERIC KEY
 When editing allows the user to change between alpha and numeric characters
 Moves the cursor to the end of lists
 When editing parameter or system variables pressing once decrease the value by one

SHIFT KEY
 When editing text fields, allows the user to select between upper or lower case characters
 Moves the cursor to the top of lists
 When editing parameter or system variables pressing once increments the value by one

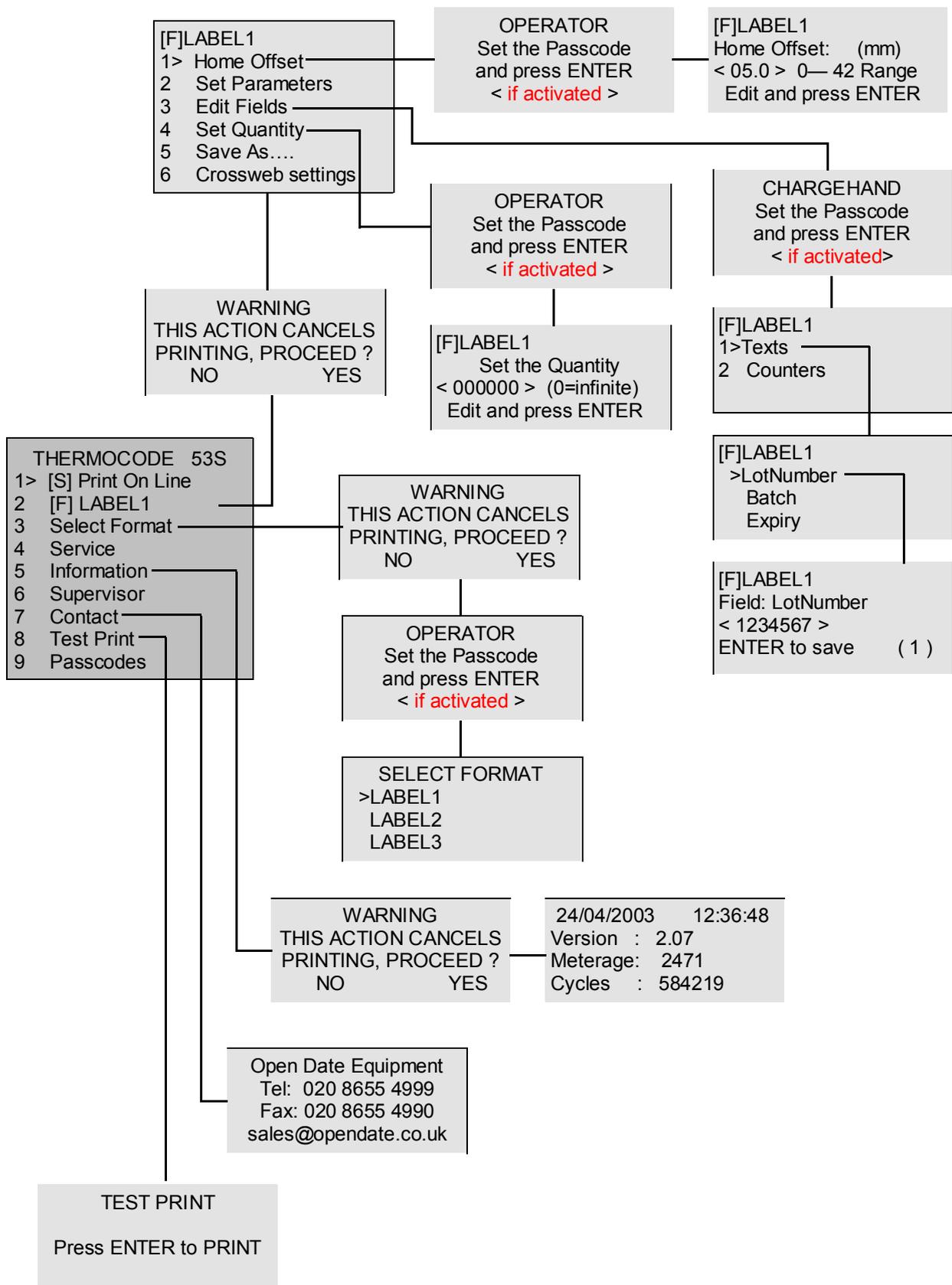
Status Display Software Flowchart—Level 1: OPERATOR



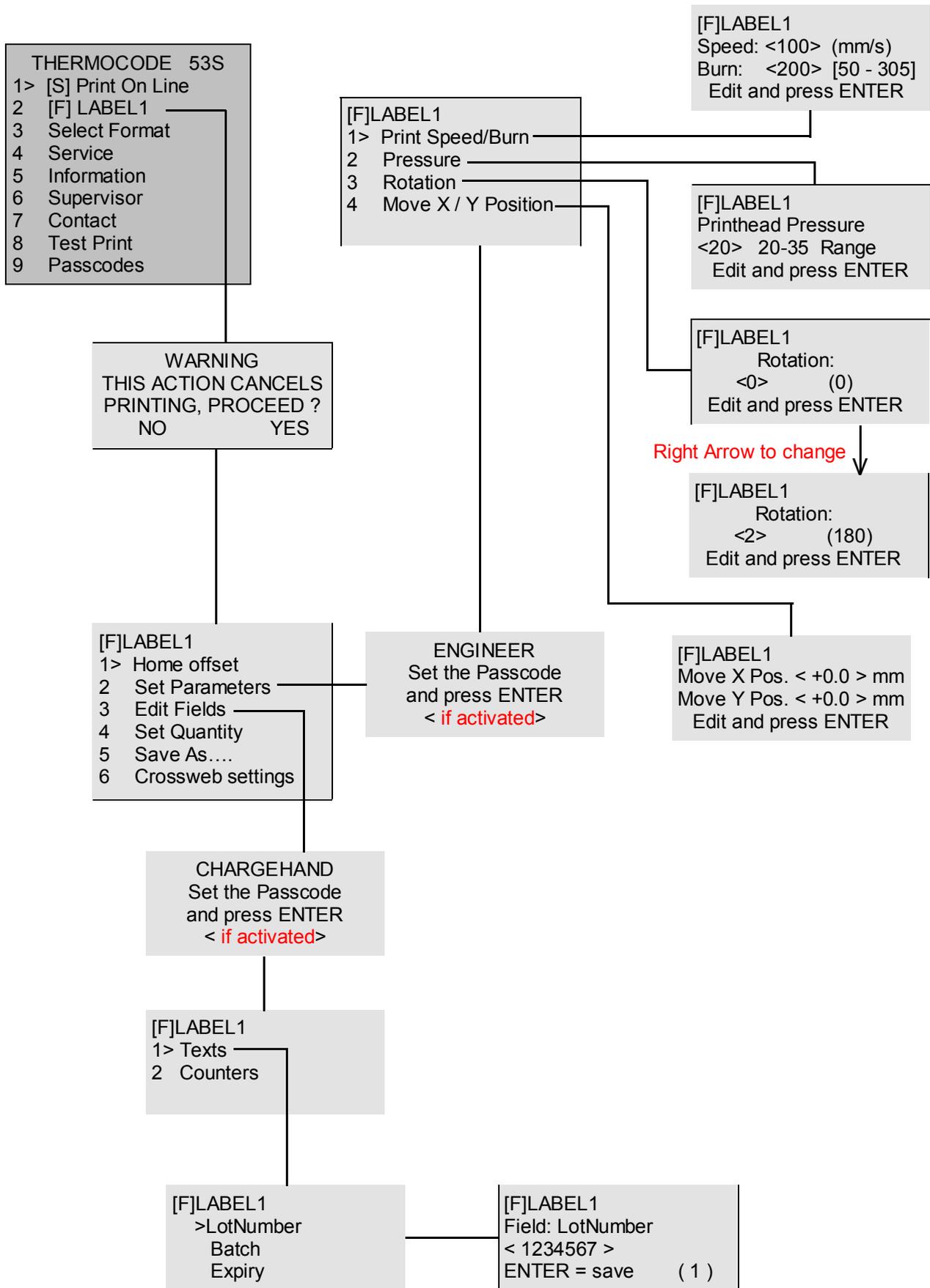
Status Display Software Flowchart—Level 1: OPERATOR



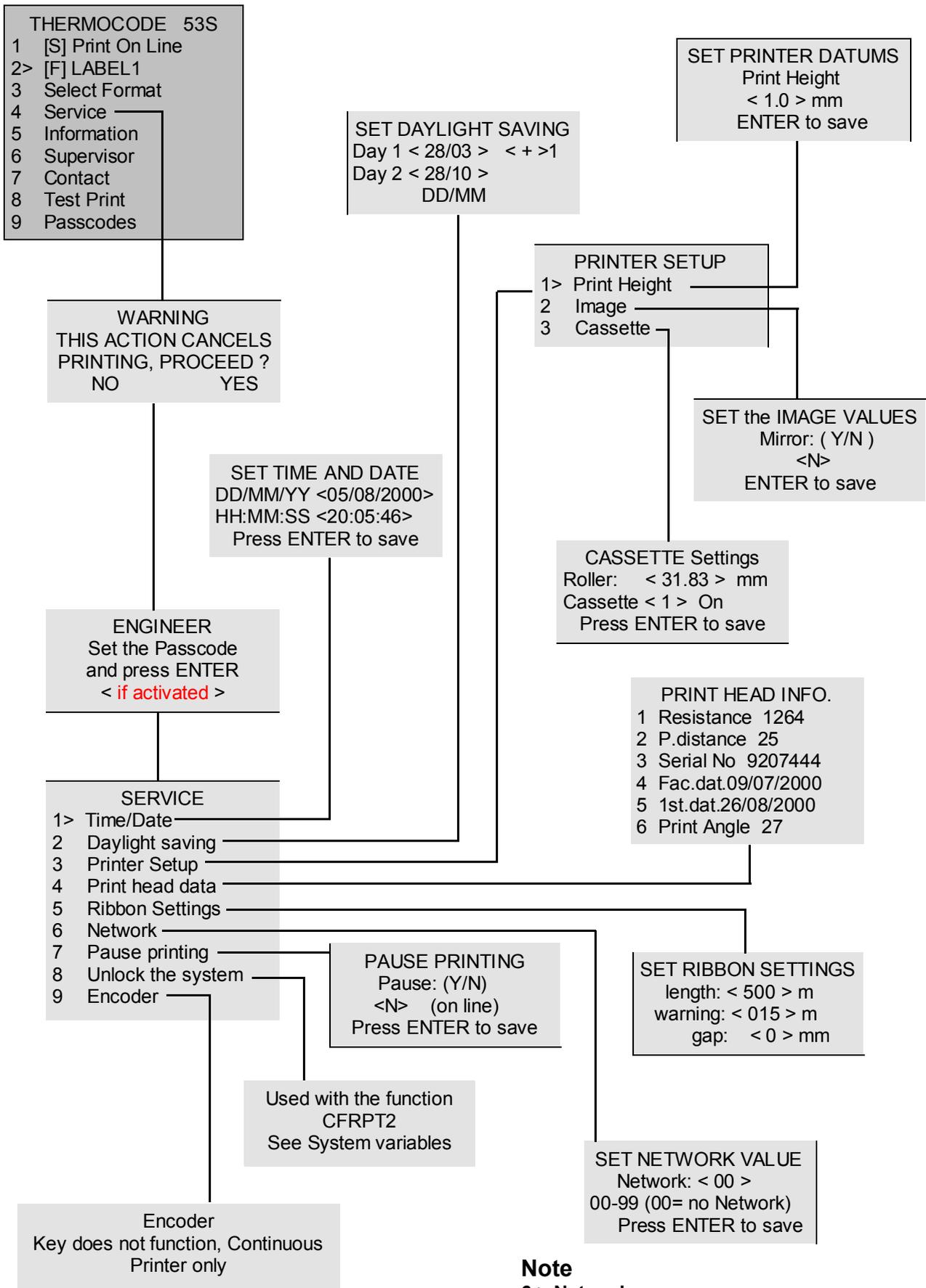
Status Display Software Flowchart—Level 2: CHARGEHAND



Status Display Software Flowchart—Level 3: ENGINEER

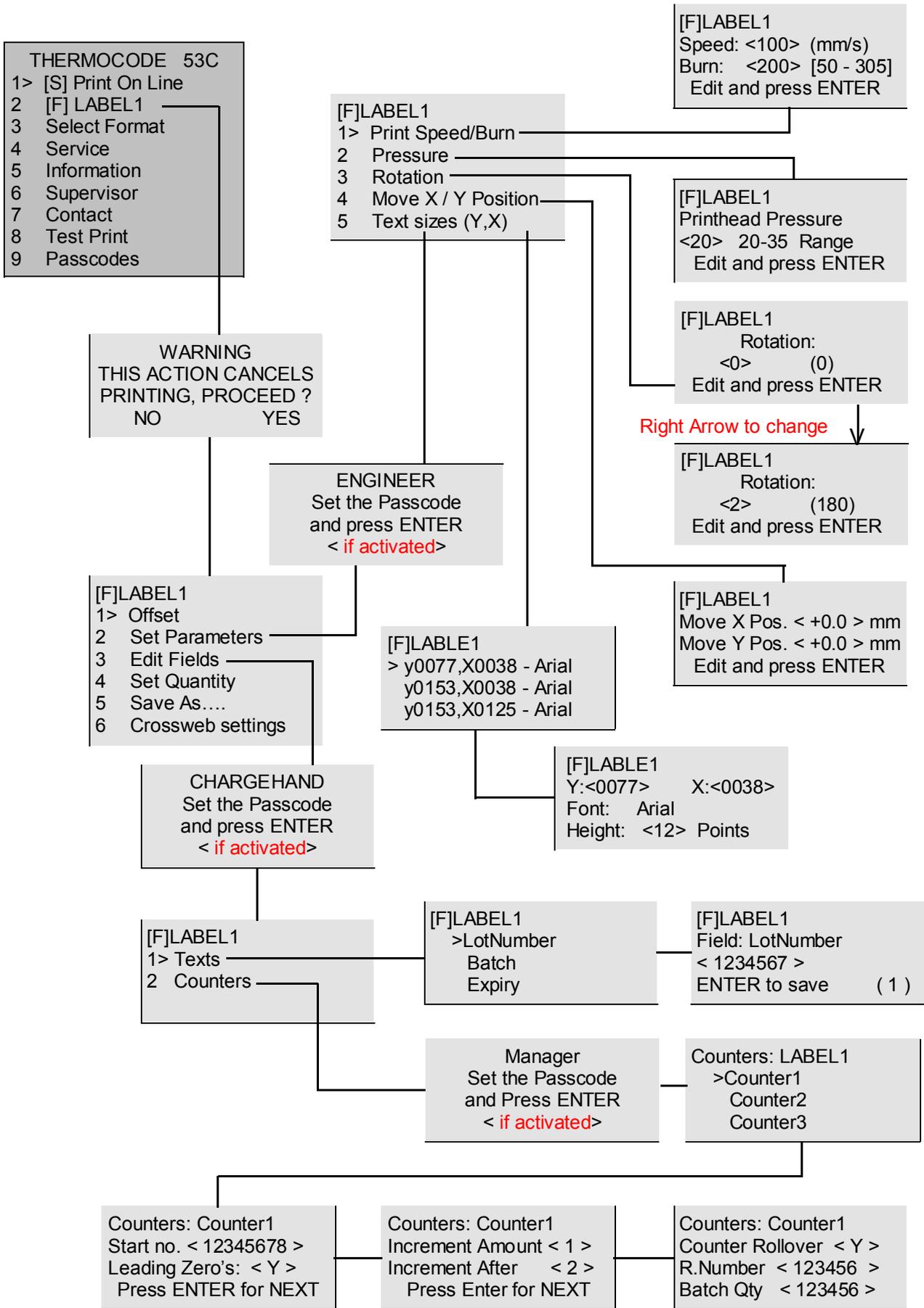


Status Display Software Flowchart—Level 3: ENGINEER

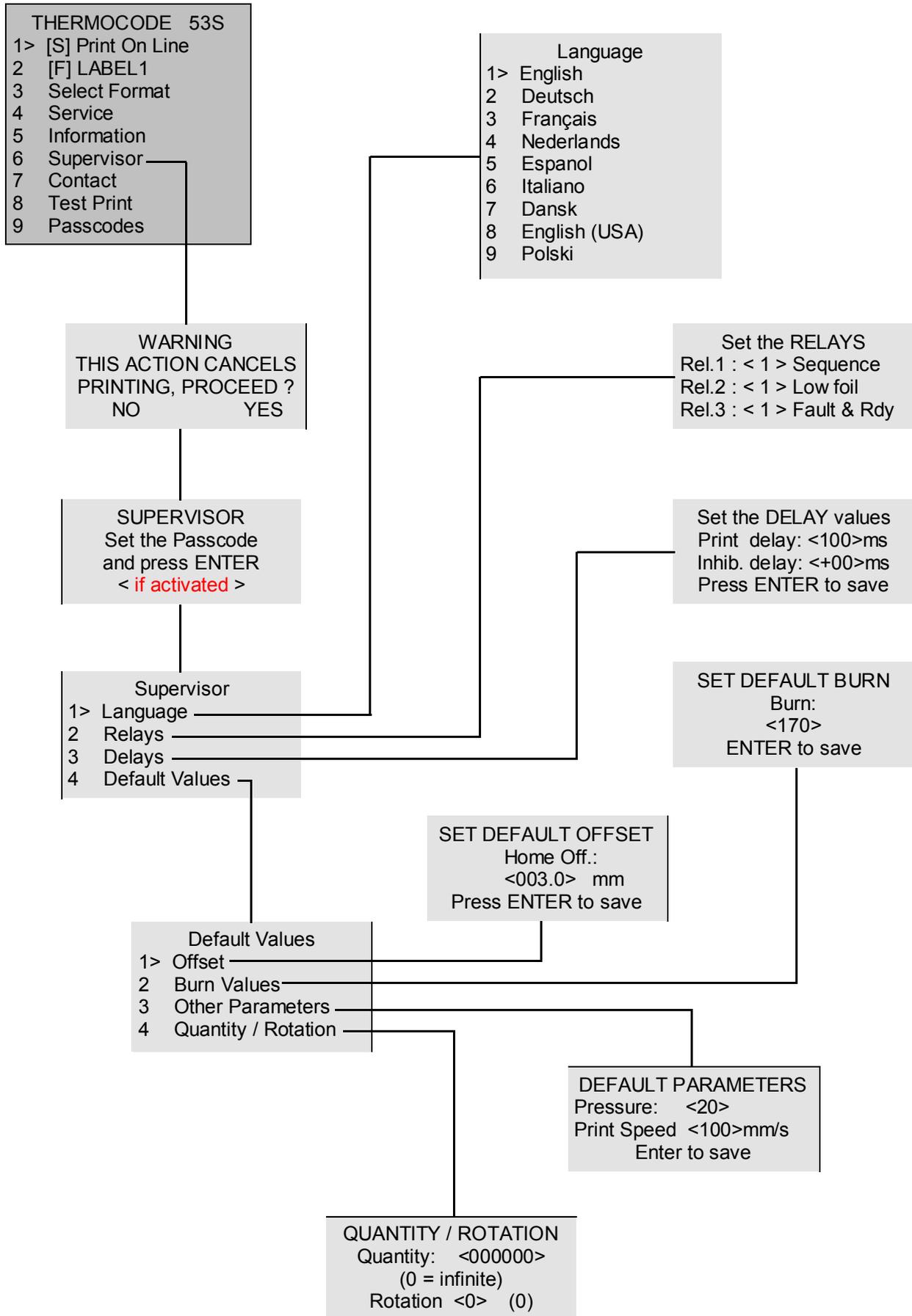


Note
6 > Network
 Refers to Open Date's Network system
 and is no longer available

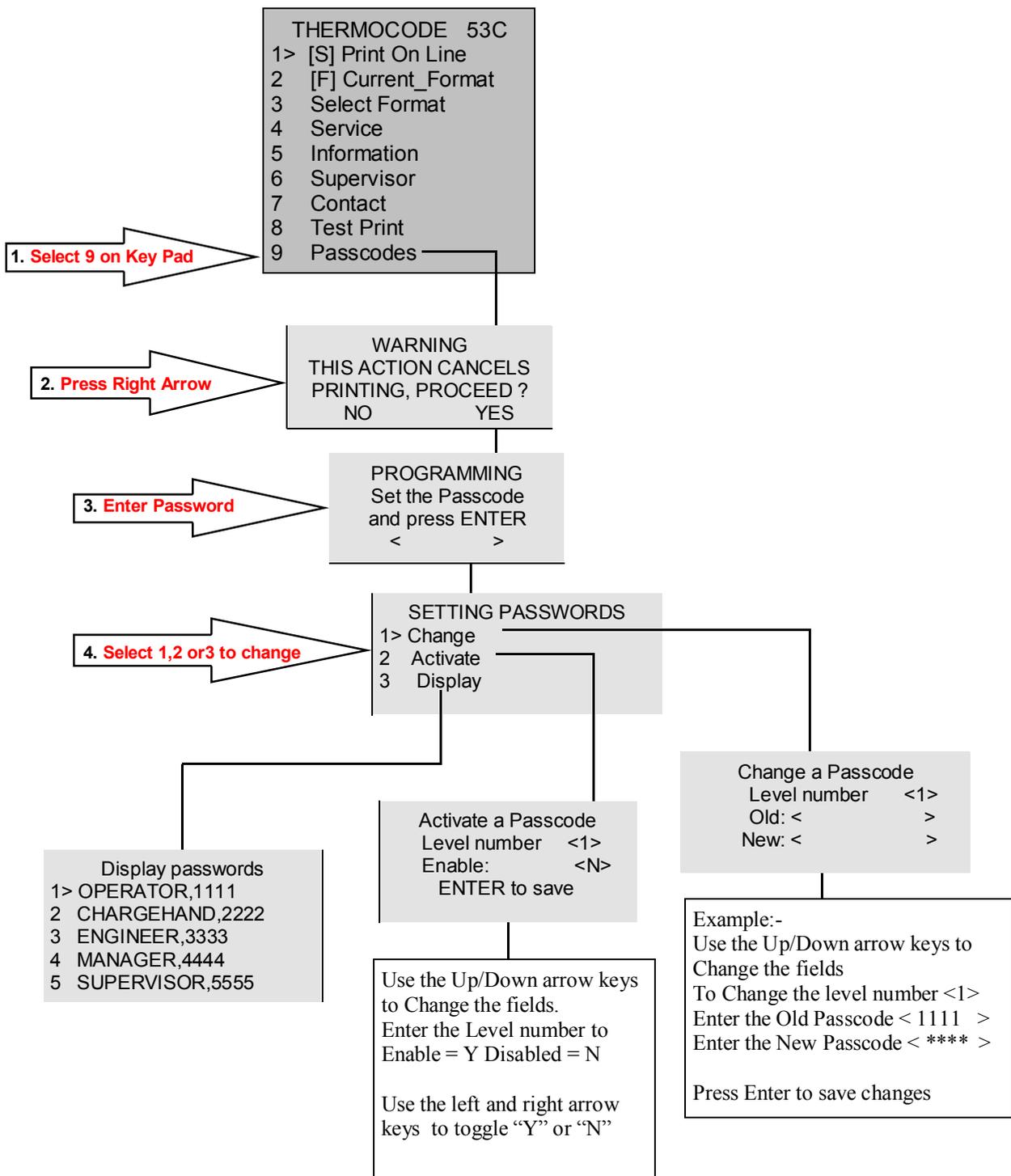
Status Display Software Flowchart—Level 4: MANAGER



Status Display Software Flowchart—Level 5: SUPERVISOR

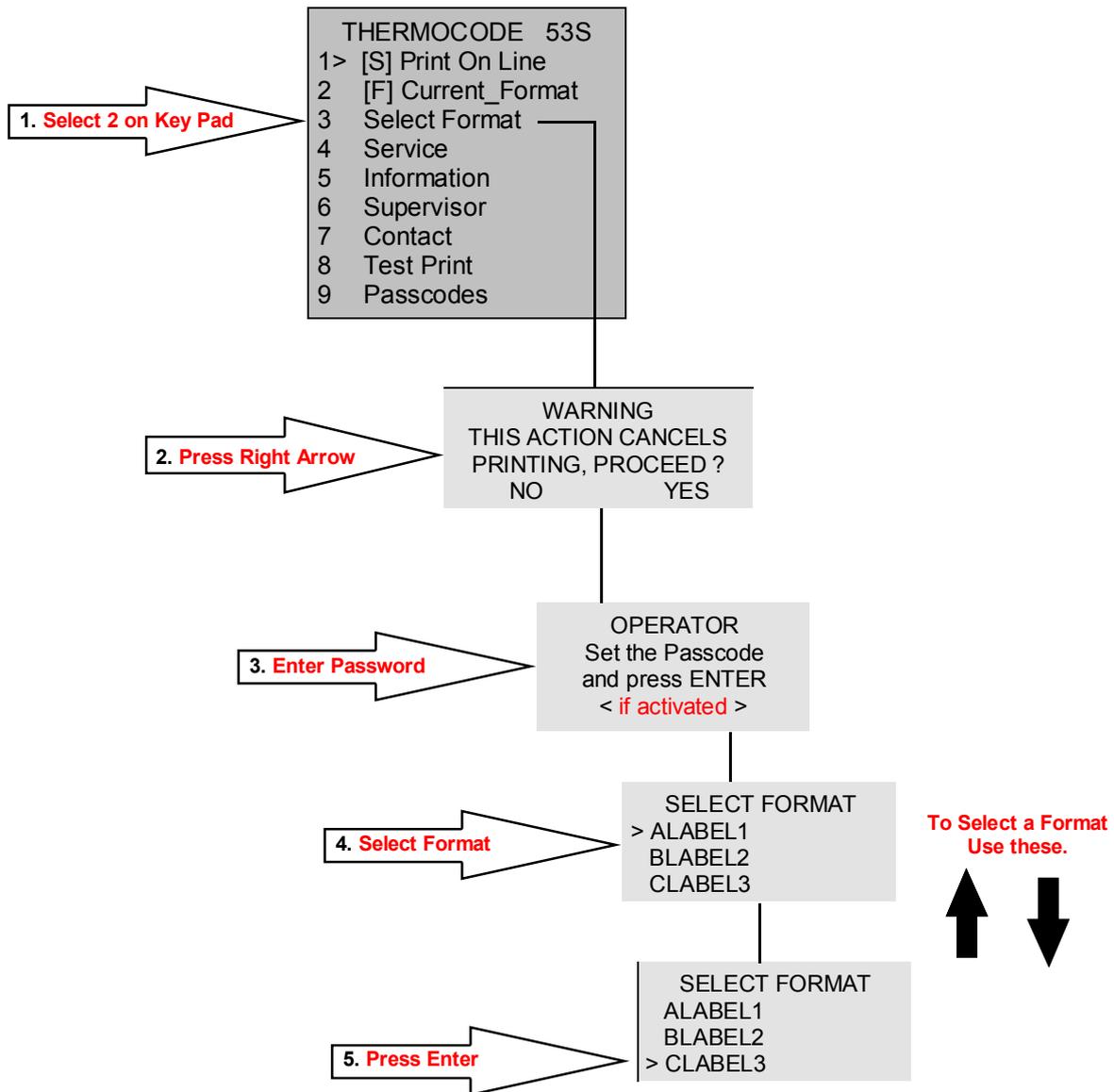


Status Display Software Flowchart—Level 7: PROGRAMMING

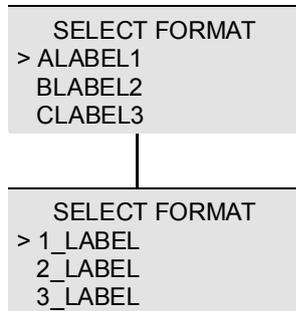


Levels 6, 7, 8 & 9 would have to be changed, using RecoverMode or Codesoft.

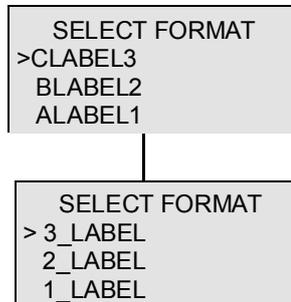
Selecting a New Print Format



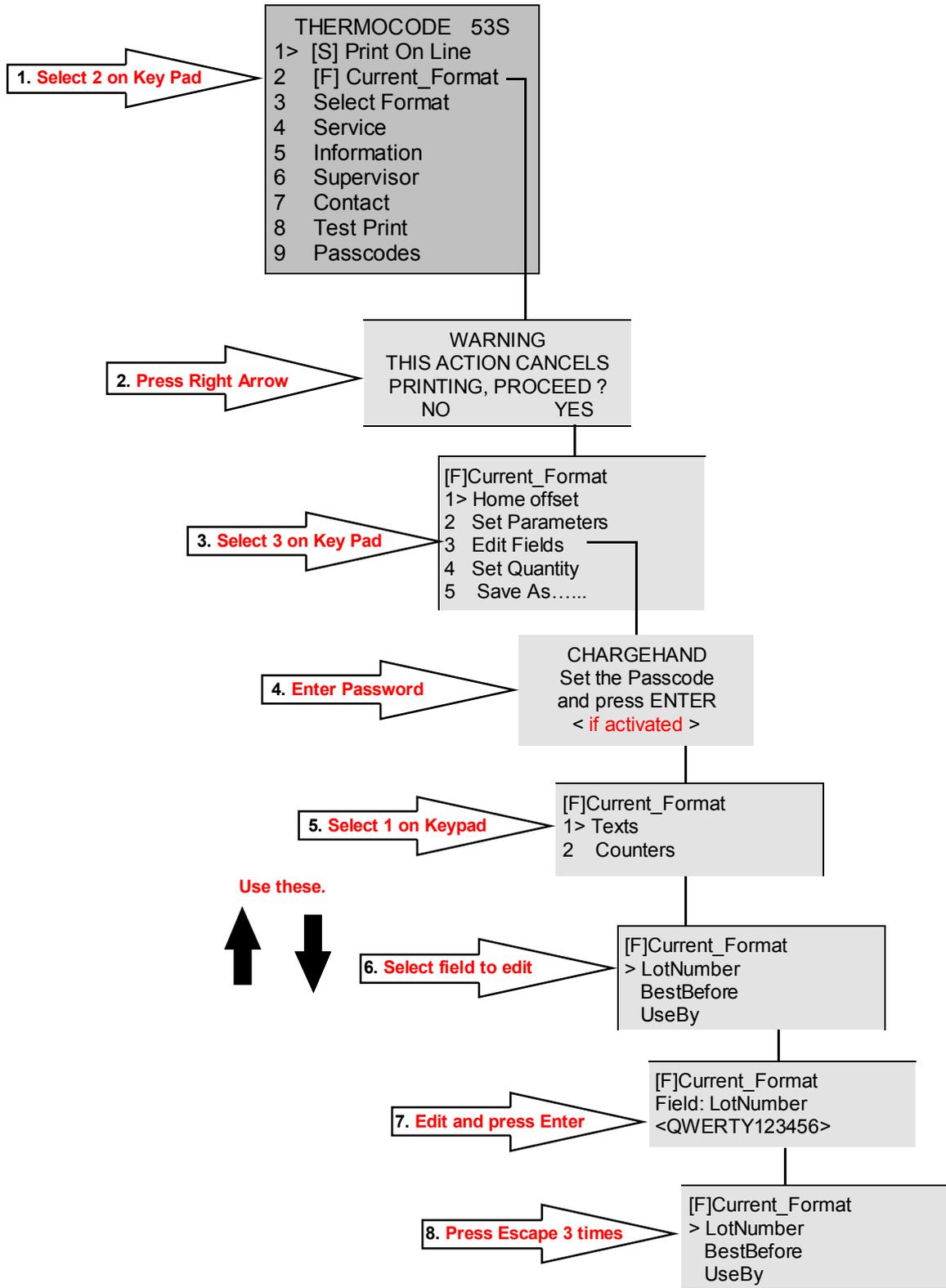
Left Arrow A to Z ←



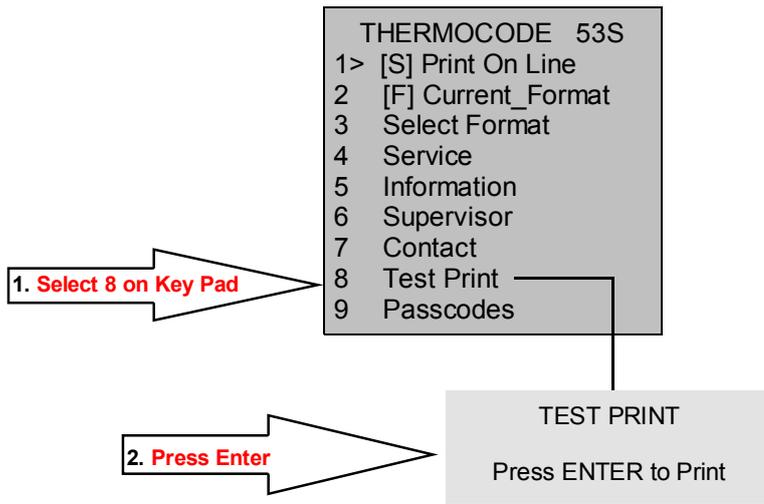
→ Right Arrow Z to A



Editing Text Fields

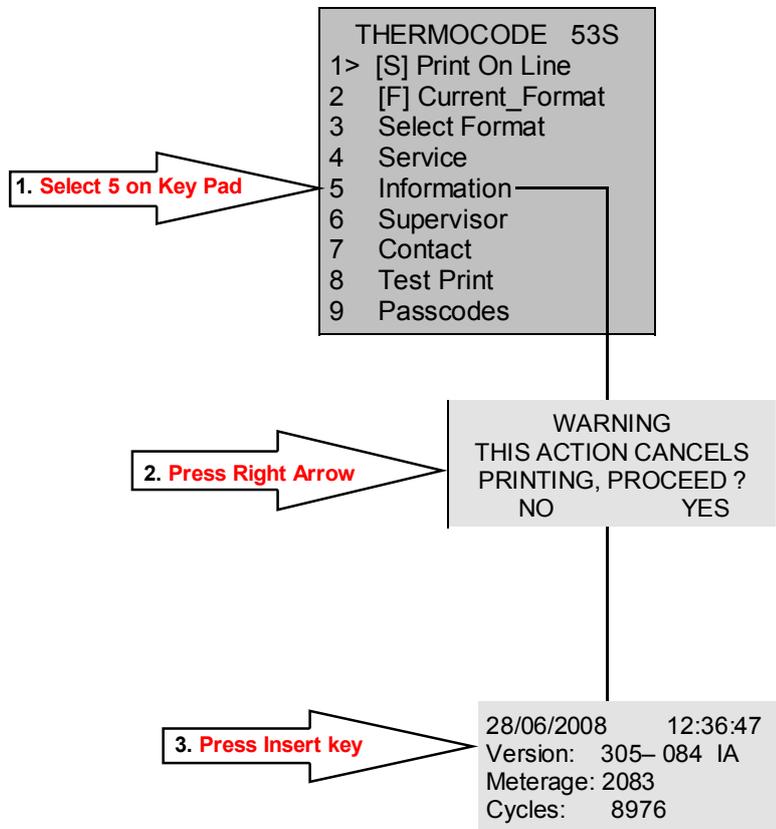


Making Test Prints



Holding down the ENTER key will allow continual Printing

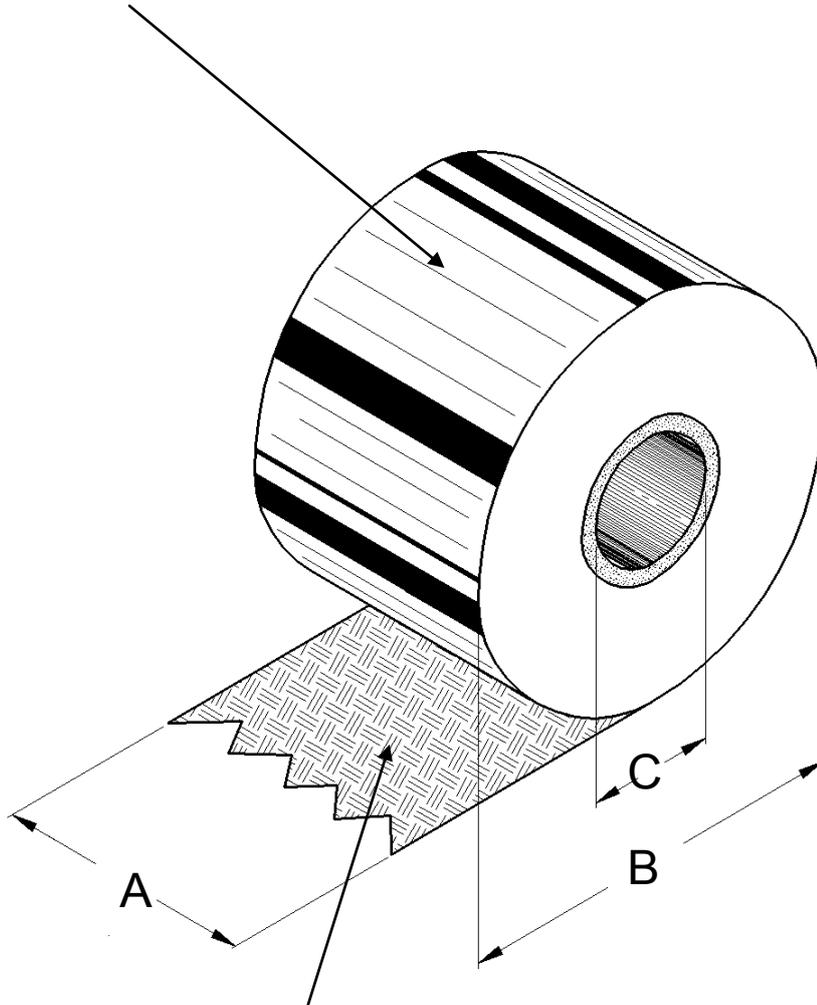
Information screen



Thermal Ribbon Specifications

| Printer | A (width) | B (max) | C | Core |
|---------|-----------|---------|------|-----------|
| 53S | 55 | 65 | 25.4 | Cardboard |
| 53M | 55 | 80 | 25.4 | Cardboard |
| 53L | 55 | 80 | 25.4 | Cardboard |
| 107S | 110 | 65 | 25.4 | Cardboard |
| 107M | 110 | 80 | 25.4 | Cardboard |
| 107L | 110 | 80 | 25.4 | Cardboard |

Silicone based "Back Coating" Outside (Low coefficient of friction: $K_d < 0.2$)



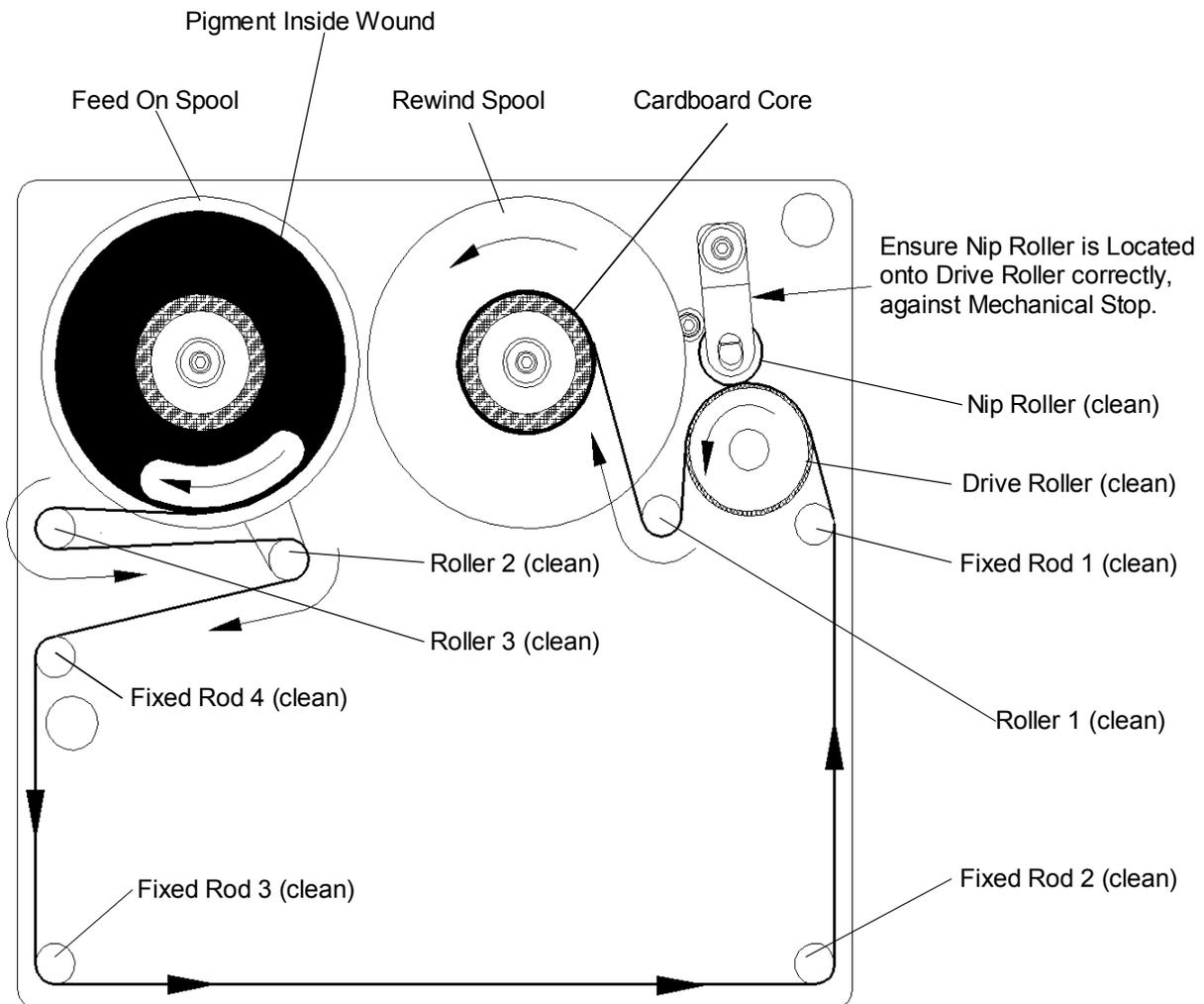
Wax/Resin Pigment Inside Wound

No leaders or Trailers required on Foil.

Open Date Equipment stocks several grades, sizes and colours of Thermal Transfer Ribbon, please call our Sales office for further details specifying the model of Printer that you have. All Ribbons are available on a next day delivery if required.

Ribbon Threading Diagrams - 53S & 107S Models

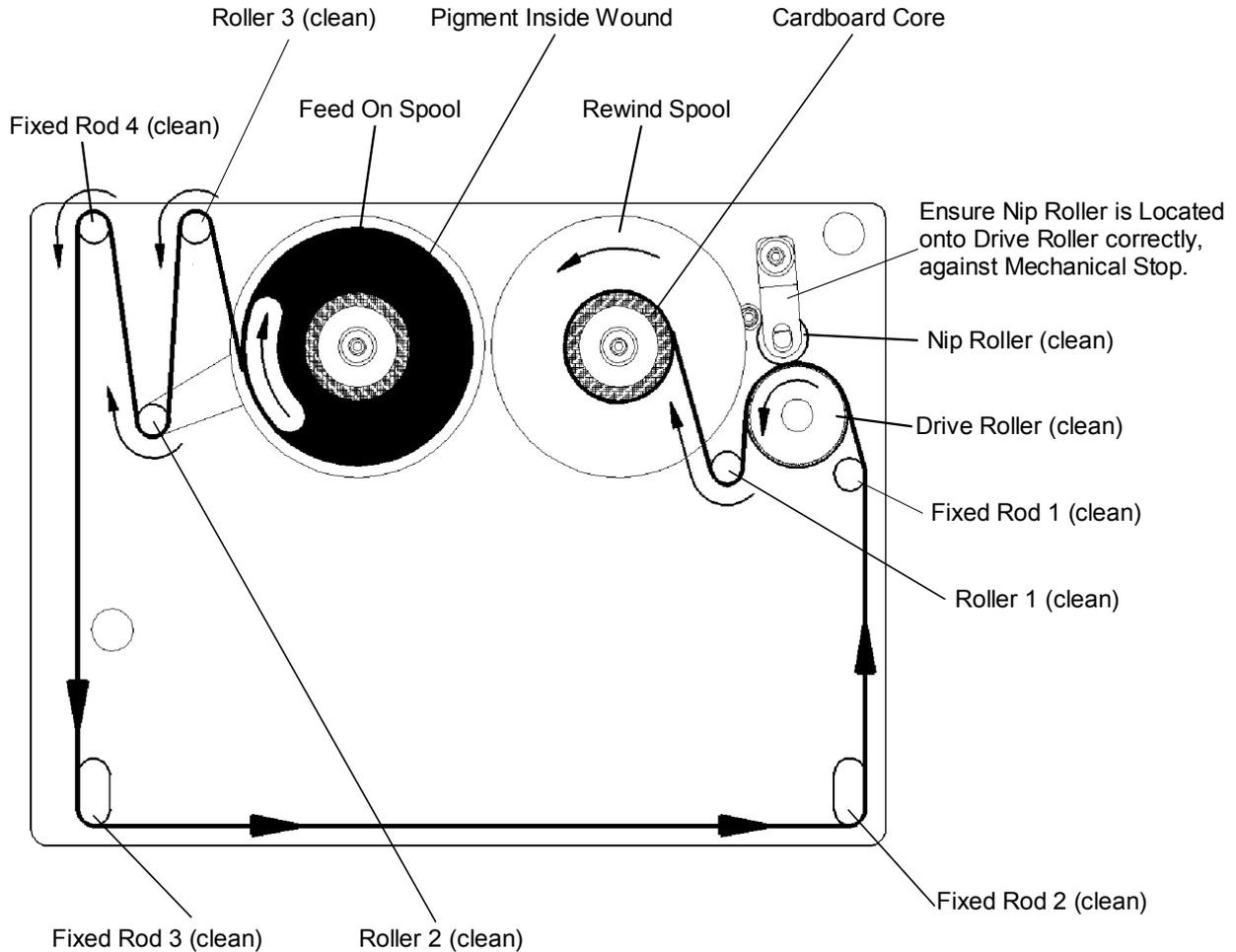
Fitting A New Ribbon



1. Remove used ribbon & cardboard core from the rewind spool and dispose off correctly.
2. Remove the empty cardboard core from the feed-on spool and refit to the rewind spool.
3. Clean all the following Rollers & Rods to remove any residue that has built up. (Use Isopropanol)
 - Nip Roller (1 off)
 - Drive Rubber Roller (1 off)
 - Fixed Rods (4 off)
 - Rollers (3 off).
4. Fit new reel of Foil, ensuring that the direction of take off is correct.
5. Thread up foil as diagram above, and fix to empty cardboard core on rewind spool with selotape.
6. Engage Nip Roller to Drive roller assembly.
7. Wind on a few turns of the drive roller to ensure the foil is tracking and tensioned correctly.

Ribbon Threading Diagrams - 53M, 53L, 107M & 107L Models

Fitting A New Ribbon



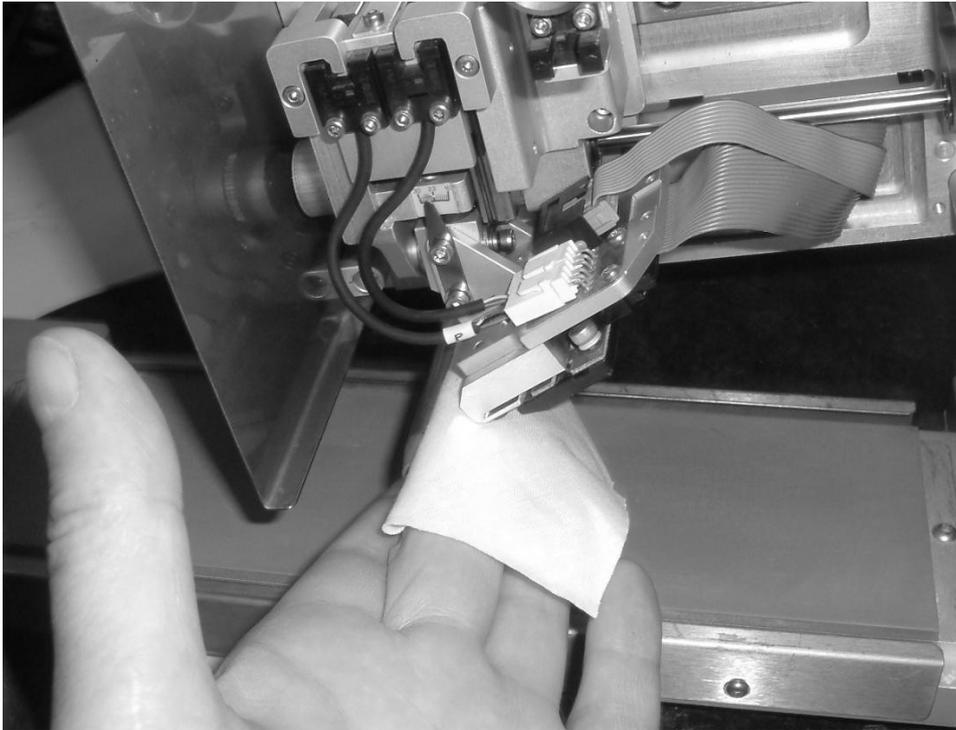
1. Remove used ribbon & cardboard core from the rewind spool and dispose off correctly.
2. Remove the empty cardboard core from the feed-on spool and refit to the rewind spool.
3. Clean all the following Rollers & Rods to remove any residue that has built up. (Use Isopropanol)
 - Nip Roller (1 off)
 - Drive Rubber Roller (1 off)
 - Fixed Rods (4 off)
 - Rollers (3 off).
4. Fit new reel of Foil, ensuring that the direction of take off is correct.
5. Thread up foil as diagram above, and fix to empty cardboard core on rewind spool with selotape.
6. Engage Nip Roller to Drive roller assembly.
7. Wind on a few turns of the drive roller to ensure the foil is tracking and tensioned correctly.

Printhead Cleaning

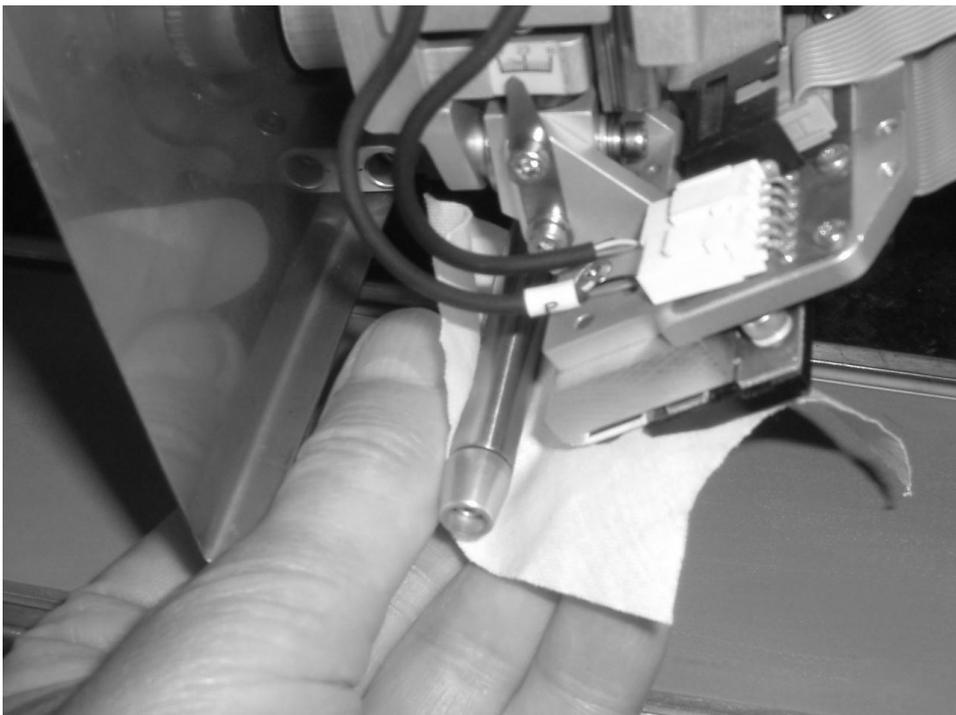
The most common cause of print quality problems is a dirty printhead. It is recommended that it is cleaned daily or if not then at very least, every time a new roll of ribbon is loaded. Ribbon magazine rollers a guide posts should be cleaned at the same time.

Procedure

1. Use a clean, dry paintbrush to brush out any particles of ribbon and ribbon residue.
2. With a new, unused printhead cleaning wipes (Isopropyl alcohol) clean the underside of the printhead.



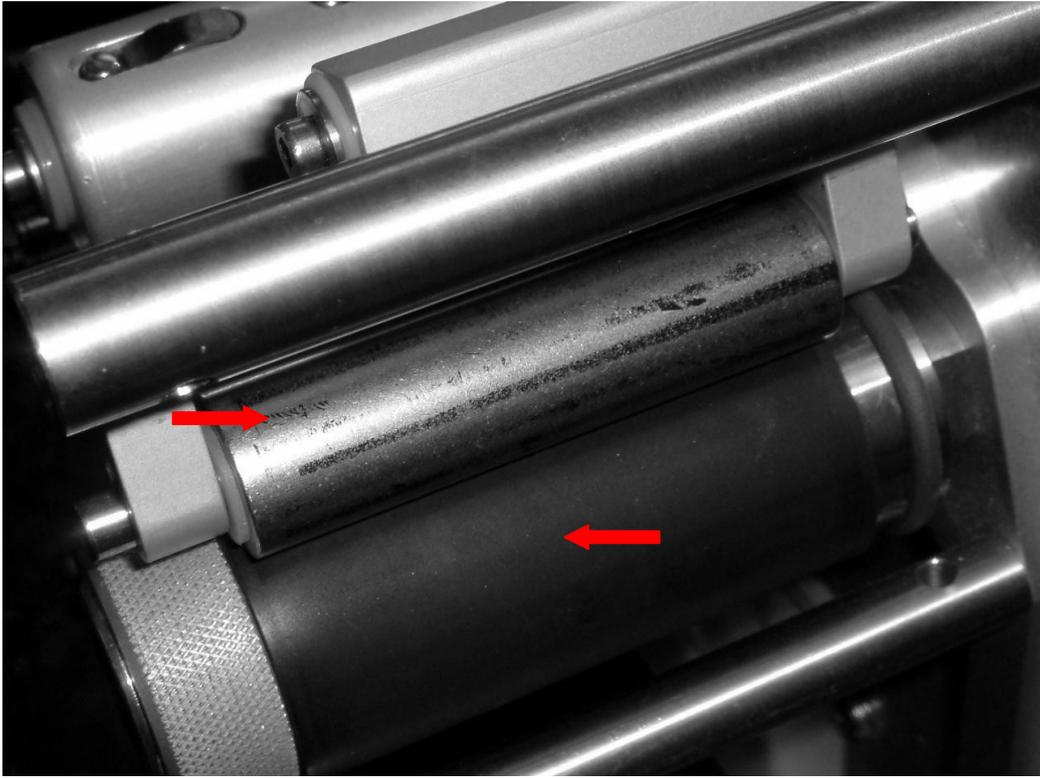
3. Clean the bottom roller.



4. Also clean the print pad.

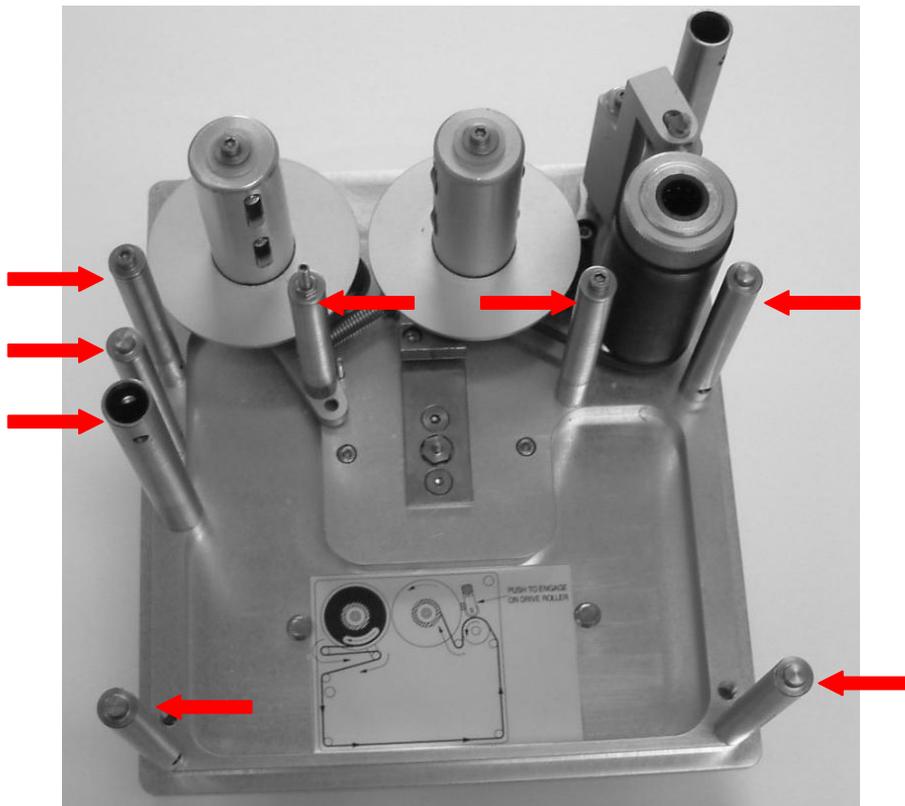
Ribbon Magazine Cleaning

5. Clean the nip roller and bottom black roller as indicated.



6. Inspect the bottom black roller for any damage. Change if damaged.

7. Clean all the shafts indicated.



Fault Finding

Ribbon Indexing Not Enough (Overlapping Prints)

- Q. Cardboard core does not fit the rewind spool correctly, or is missing?**
A. Fit correct cardboard core, ensure it is located on the spring clips correctly.
- Q. Foil not attached to cardboard core correctly?**
A. Use adhesive tape to attach the ribbon to the cardboard core, and wind on a few turns.
- Q. Cassette rollers, Printhead rollers or Printhead assembly are dirty, through build up of wax/resin residue?**
A. Clean cassette and Printhead as described in maintenance section.
- Q. Brake belt on cassette is damaged, worn or dirty?**
A. Renew brake belt.
- Q. Tension arm spring tension on brake belt not set correctly?**
A. Adjust belt brake correctly, when functioning correctly the tension arm should be about 6mm from the stop pin.

Ribbon Indexing Excessive

- Q. The format design has a space before printing any characters?**
A. Change the format design so there is only 1mm from the "X" datum to the first characters to be printed.
- Q. Foil may be sticking to Substrate being printed, and being pulled along?**
A. Adjust the Printhead position from the substrate, possibly the clearance is insufficient and the foil is being indexed along with the substrate. Service Engineer may be required.

Ribbon Breaking or Perforated

- Q. Cassette rollers, Printhead rollers or Printhead assembly are dirty, through build up of wax/resin residue?**
A. Clean cassette and Printhead as described in maintenance section.
- Q. Foil may be sticking to Substrate being printed, and being pulled along?**
A. Adjust the Printhead position from the substrate, possibly the clearance is insufficient and the foil is being indexed along with the substrate. Service Engineer may be required.
- Q. Temperature "BURN" values may be set to high for the substrate being printed?**
A. Reduce "BURN" values of format to achieve acceptable print quality.
- Q. Foil indexing problems, prints overlapping each other, weakening the ribbon?**
A. See page 37 "Print Quality Problems" for Overlapping Prints remedies.

Fault Finding (Continued)

Ribbon Tracking on Cassette

- Q. Cassette rollers, Printhead rollers or Printhead Assembly are dirty, through build up of wax/resin residue?**
 A. Clean cassette and Printhead as described in maintenance section.
- Q. Foil may be sticking to Substrate being printed, and being pulled to one side?**
 A. Adjust the Printhead position from the substrate, possibly the clearance is insufficient and the foil is being indexed along with the substrate. Service Engineer may be required.
- Q. Cassette may have been dropped, damaging tracking rods or tension arm?**
 A. Call for Service Engineer or send back to manufacturer for checking.

Print Quality Problems

- Q. Print not consistent over printed area?**
 A. Ribbon not compatible with substrate.
- Q. Temperature, burn settings too low?**
 A. Low printing temperatures can give the effect of the edges of characters appearing faint or ragged.
- Q. Damaged or dirty print base?**
 A. Clean and check for any imperfections. Normal Thermocode Series 2 print bases are 45-50 shore hardness rubber, which is bonded to an aluminium backing sheet and then ground. Flatness of this pad is very important, on some labelling machines if the backing web is not aligned correctly it will cut into the print base or actually miss-shape it due to the tension of the backing web.
- Q. Printer not correctly mounted in frame, printer frame not manufactured to correct dimensions, clearance under printer excessive?**
 A. See Standard Frame measurements drawings at the end of this manual.
- Q. Printhead dirty or Pixels burnt out?**
 A. Clean Printhead and test print on plain fax paper to confirm Printhead condition.
- Q. Ribbon Indexing not enough, ribbon tracking on magazine, causing creasing, ribbon perforated or broken?**
 A. See previous page.
- Q. Ribbon foil INK Coating inconsistent?**
 A. Check and replace ribbon.

Clearing Printer Errors

All errors that occur within the printer are shown as **"Error"** on the status line of the Mini-Terminal display. To view the actual error press No.1 or the Enter key of the keypad. Errors are shown as text messages along with a numerical number which must be noted if you are requesting a Service visit or assistance. Once errors have been viewed they can then be cleared, page up to the top of the screen and press "Enter" when the cursor is next to the option "Clear errors".

Clearing errors can have two consequences, if the errors are mechanical the error is cleared and the format is retained in the image memory. If the error is a format design problem, as the error is cleared the format will be removed from the image memory.

The only way to correct format errors is to redesign the format this cannot be corrected by adjusting parameters within the Mini-Terminal parameters.

Thermocode Intermittent Printer Diagnostics - sheet 1

| FAULT DESCRIPTION | REMEDY / ACTION |
|---|---|
| Flashing cursor on mini-terminal screen. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove the magazine, and then replace it. 2. Replace display curly cable. 3. Replace display. 4. Replace processor board and re-program. |
| Error on start up (boot up). X or Y overflow. | <p>If the mini-display shows 53 or 107, with a "0 after it, instead of the model letter?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check 10 way ribbon connections, each end. 2. Contact your Supplier, to fix the Printhead problem. |
| Printhead temperature. (Head Cold Fault) | Change the wider ribbon cable between the printhead and processor board. |
| No display on the mini-terminal. | Check the F4 fuse within power supply. See page 8. |
| Printhead LED, not working. (Power Supply) | Check the F3 fuse within power supply (see page 8). |
| Printing wavy barcodes. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Brake arm loose on brake on brake lever. 2. Retaining washer loose or missing from foil rollers. 3. Increase the Print height above the substrate. |
| Ribbon tracking (movement to one side) | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check brake is not set to tight. 2. Check brake arm is not loose. 3. Check any foil guides are not loose or bent. 4. Check Printhead is levelling correctly. |
| Broken ribbon sensor. | Check the brake arm is not loose, and passes through the sensor correctly. |

Thermocode Intermittent Printer Diagnostics - sheet 2

| FAULT DESCRIPTION | REMEDY / ACTION |
|--|--|
| No power to printer / No voltage to power supply | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check fuses in mains plug and power supply. 2. Check supply voltage is at source. 3. Check all the fuses in power supply. 4. Check all electrical connections are correct. |
| Ribbon broken. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Replace ribbon. 2. Check brake tension on cassette. 3. Replace or repair thermal ribbon. |
| Low foil warning. | Replace thermal ribbon on printer, ensure that you press the "yes" key on the mini-terminal after engaging the nip roller, to reset the foil counter. |
| Count completed. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Select another format. 2. Edit quantity via mini-terminal display |
| No format name displayed on screen. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Format has been de-selected. 2. Select a new format. |
| No font loaded to printer, for format selected. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Load the font to printer and select the format again. 2. Load a different format that has printer fonts. 3. Check which fonts have been loaded to printer, by interrogating with the "Codesoft" software |
| Print on line, awaiting print signal. | Normal condition |
| Pressure switch fault. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the mounting frame is not open. 2. Check the gap between printer and print base. 3. Check sensor assembly has not come loose. 4. Check wire crimps and connections. 5. Check LED on sensor activates correctly. 6. Check print base rubber is not damaged or missing. 7. Check pressure setting within format parameters. |
| Vertical home sensor fault. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check sensor assembly has not come loose. 2. Check wire crimps and connections. 3. Check LED on sensor activates correctly. |
| Printhead Thermistor fault / disconnected | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check ribbon cables are fitted correctly to printhead and interconnect PCB. 2. Faulty printhead, replace. |

Error Messages

This file contains a list of error texts and their associated error numbers. The error numbers are displayed **after** the error text, along with the source number, with the exception of the two shown below.

| Error Message | Reason | Corrective Measures |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Run Program | Firmware corruption | Switch the printer off. Then Reload the firmware. |
| No Program Loaded | Disconnection on communications lead, when down loading the Firmware. Sending fonts or formats, whilst booting up the printer. | Press the enter key, reset the Baud rate, reset the RTC. Press accept. Switch the printer off. Then Reload the firmware. |

Example: **Pressure not seen 21, 2266**

This is error number **21**, on line number 2266 of the source code file. This line number is only of use to the developers, but is worth recording along with the version of firmware.

| Error Number | Error Message | Reason | Corrective Measures |
|--------------|--------------------------|---|---|
| 11 | Serial port fail | Problem with hardware. | Check cables & connections, if the cables are ok replace the Processor Board. |
| 12 | SPY chip fail | 1. Failure in writing to the Spy chip from the boards. 2. The Ribbon Cable could be faulty. | 1 & 2. Re program or change the Spy Chip Board. If you still have the same Fault Change the Ribbon cable. (14 Days notice See note 1 page 41) |
| 13 | SPY buff fail | Wrong version of Software. | Reprogram or change the spy chip board. If you have the same fault change the ribbon cable. |
| 14 | SPY param fail | Wrong version of Software. | Reprogram or change the spy chip board. If you have the same fault change the ribbon cable. |
| 15 | RTC fail | Faulty real time clock. | Check the battery for 3.6v. Change the processor board. |
| 16 | DAS can't format | Problem with memory on processor card. | Change the processor board. |
| 17 | Head overheated | 1. Thermistor failed on Printhead. 2. The Ribbon cable could be faulty. | 1 & 2. Change the printhead. If you still have the same fault change the ribbon cable then refit the original Print head |
| 18 | Head Cold | 1. Thermistor failed on Printhead. 2. The Ribbon cable could be faulty. | 1 & 2. Change the printhead. If you have the same fault change the ribbon cable then refit the original printhead. |
| 19 | Too fast 1 | Web speed too fast for printer. | Reduce web speed. |
| 20 | Too fast 2 | Web speed too fast for printer. | Reduce web Speed. |
| 21 | Pressure not seen | 1. Pressure sensor Failed or dirty. 2. Frame open or Print pad missing 3. Incorrect Motor steps to the Print Pad. Occurs on Format Download & when printing. 4. Low voltage. Under 5 VDC to the Printer. | 1. Clean or replace the sensor. 2. Switch the Printer off. Close the Frame or replace the Print Pad. Reboot the Printer. 3. Clear the error. Carry out some test prints. 4. Check the voltage and adjust to 5.1 volts. Fault 155 "No press confirmed" will also been shown. Carry out the above checks, when both faults are shown. |
| 22 | End sensor fail | The Print head has not seen the end sensor | 1. Clean the sensor or change if failed. 2. Check the ribbon cables are not fouling the guard of the Printer. Display may read as a 107S when the Printer is actually 107M. |

Note:- *The first error displayed by the mini terminal is the fault. Any other faults shown on the display may be generated because of the fault displayed.*

| Error Number | Error Message | Reason | Corrective Measures |
|--------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| 23 | Serial port overrun | Problem of serial port hand-shake. | Check your Com port setting. Try new serial port cable. If that makes no difference change the processor boards. |
| 24 | Serial buffer overrun | Problem of serial port hand-shake. | Check your Com port setting. Try new serial port cable. If that makes no difference change the processor boards. |
| 25 | Start sensor too close. | The start sensor is too close to the printhead | Move the start sensor way from the printhead. |
| 26 | Sys param unknown | Requested or sent a unknown system variable | Request or send the correct variable. |
| 27 | Relay delay out of range | Problem with variable SYSRELDEL | Check the setting in the mini terminal. Service menu no 6, menu no 3 Delay (Inhib delay) |
| 28 | Format param unknown | Format parameters incorrectly entered in the format. | Correct the parameters. This fault can only be created using DOS. |
| 29 | Sys string long | System Variable string has an incorrect entry. E.g. 13 months instead of 12 entered in SYSMON etc. | Correct the system variable and resend to the printer. |
| 30 | List type unknown | Z? Requesting a nonexistent system variable | Clear the error. Enter the correct request code. |
| 31 | Delete type unknown | Deleting an unknown request. | Incorrect escape code used when using the delete command. |
| 32 | List file unknown | Requesting a non-existent format or font etc. | Clear the error. Request the correct format or font etc. |
| 33 | Delete file unknown | Deleting an unknown format file. | Typing error or the format, font etc is not in the printer. |
| 34 | Bad line | 1. Communication lead faulty. 2. Codesoft has been networked | 1. Check the communications lead is plugged in to the computer & printer. Check the lead for damage or bad connections. 2. If not networked, check Codesoft is not set to Network in the Advanced menu. |
| 35 | Bad Format Line | Format information Incorrect | Correct the format design. |
| 36 | Format line too long | 1. Text line too long maximum of 149 character & spaces. 2. The text box used in Codesoft is larger than the required text. With no carriage return. 3. Codesoft, Word wrap has been checked. 4. Baud rate incorrect | 1. Reduce the text line. 2. Reduce the text box to the size of the text length. 3. Uncheck the word wrap in Properties & Paragraph. 4. Check the Baud rate within Codesoft. |
| 37 | Local graphic error | Problem with local graphic in a format. | Re-load format, or check graphic. |
| 38 | Graphic file missing | Format sent to the printer without the graphic file. Global graphic has been deleted from the Printer. | In Codesoft Printer settings, General, Reload image at next print job should be checked (box ticked). Correct the format design & resend to the printer. |
| 39 | Too many local graphics | Too many local graphics designed within the format. | Reduce the number of graphics within the format design. |
| 40 | Too many graphics | Too many local and global graphics loaded to the printer | Reduce the number global graphics. |
| 41 | Can't update format not selected | The format has not been selected for Printing. | Select the format you wish to send modified data only to. |
| 42 | Box too narrow for line width | Box design incorrect | Correct the format design. This fault can only be created in DOS. |
| 43 | Box too low for line height | Box design incorrect | Correct the format design. This fault can only be created in DOS. |

Note:- *The first error displayed by the mini terminal is the fault. Any other faults shown on the display may be generated because of the fault displayed.*

| Error Number | Error Message | Reason | Corrective Measures |
|--------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| 44 | Line/ box too wide | Box design incorrect | Correct the format design. This fault can only be created in DOS. |
| 45 | Rotation out of range | Incorrect rotation set in the format. Should be 0,1,2 or 3 | Correct the format with correct rotation. The fault can only be created using DOS. |
| 46 | Scale factor wrong | Graphic Scaling factor incorrect should be 0,1 or 2 | Correct the format design. |
| 47 | Bar lines overflow | Incorrect barcode design. | Correct the barcode design. The fault can only be created in DOS. |
| 48 | Bad bar style | Selected a non-supported barcode type. | Check the type of barcode required. The fault can only be created in DOS. |
| 49 | Bad bar width | Bar width larger than 5 or less than 2. | Bar width maximum 5, minimum 2. This fault can only be created in DOS. |
| 50 | Bad bar ratio | Ratio within the barcode format design incorrect. Available Ratios are 0 =3,1= 2.5 & 2= 2 | Correct the format design. This fault can only be created in DOS. |
| 51 | Bad bar human | Human readable is larger than 1 | Human readable maximum 1, minimum 0. This fault can only be created in Dos. |
| 52 | Bad bar csum | Check Digit value larger than 1 | Check digit maximum 1, minimum 0. The fault can only be created in DOS. |
| 53 | Bad bar speed | Incorrect Speed flag. Should be Zero | Correct the Barcode design. This fault can only be created in Dos. |
| 54 | Bad bar data | Barcode data to many or few digits for the barcode type. Check type of barcode, whether numerical, alphabetical or both. | Change the number of digits to suit the Barcode type. Check the style of barcode and the data needed. |
| 55 | Graphic To Wide | Graphic too wide for the printer. Graphic file corrupted? | Resize or replace the graphic |
| 56 | X underflow | Format design is outside of the print area on the left side of the "X" axis. | Move the format design to be within the print area. |
| 57 | X overflow | Format design is outside of the print area on the right side of the "X" axis. | Move the format design to be within the print area. |
| 58 | Y underflow | Format design is outside of the Print area at the top of the page on the "Y" axis. | Move the format design to be with in the print area. |
| 59 | Y overflow | Format design is outside the print area at the bottom of the page on the "Y" axis. | Move the format design to be with in the print area. |
| 60 | Timeout in Binary | 1. Incorrect Baud rate set 2. Noise on the communication lead 3. Incorrect Network number set. (Network printers only) | 1. Check the Baud rate 2. Check the communication lead. 3. Check the Network number. |
| 61 | Timeout in format | 1. Information in the format design missing or incorrect 2. Network number set in the printer but not in Codesoft. | 1. Correct the format design. Other error generated during the download of the format or fonts. 2. Set the printer Network number to zero if no Network then reboot the printer. If networked, set network number in Codesoft. |

Note:- *X and Y overflows. Do not use Arial Black type font. The Codesoft WYSIWYG is incorrect when using this.*

Note:- *The first error displayed by the mini terminal is the fault. Any other faults shown on the display may be generated because of the fault displayed.*

| Error Number | Error Message | Reason | Corrective Measures |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 62 | Format not found | Requested a format not downloaded to the Printer. | Requested the wrong format name or the format is not loaded to the printer. |
| 63 | Erasing font in use | Deleting a font when used in the current format. | Stop printing, delete the font. Re-select a format. |
| 64 | Reverse field wrong | Reverse image text should be 0 or 1 (not supported) | Correct the field. |
| 65 | Proportional field wrong | Incorrect proportional field. Value = 0 or 1 | Correct the value. This fault can only be created in DOS. |
| 66 | Text field overflow | Maximum text in variable = 0 to 59 | Reduce text length in variable to less than 60. |
| 67 | Text lines overflow | Too many text lines within the designed format | Reduce the amount of text. Maximum of 120 lines. |
| 68 | Text fields overflow | Too many text fields within the format. | Reduce text fields in format to be below 150. |
| 69 | Too many counters | Format design has too many counters. Maximum of 20 counter fields. | Reduce the number of counter fields with in the format design. |
| 70 | Too many Variables | Too many variables within the format. | Reduce the number of variables. |
| 71 | Missing variable | The variable has not loaded with the format | Correct the format design |
| 72 | Variable out of limit | Variable field with high and low limits | Correct the variable field. This fault can only be created in DOS. |
| 73 | Global counter too wide for field | Incorrect counter field design | Correct the counter field. Enter a padding character in the counter field. Found in "Output" Enter "0" (Zero). |
| 74 | Local counter too wide for field | Incorrect counter field design | Correct the counter field. Enter a padding character in the counter field. Found in "Output" Enter "0" (Zero). |
| 75 | Font missing | The Font required is not loaded to the printer | Load the appropriate font to the printer. |
| 76 | Font size unavailable | A Bitmap font (SFP) has been downloaded. The Format design has an incorrect point size. | Correct the format design or load the correct Bitmap font. |
| 77 | Font file problem | Bitmap font loaded to the printer without a font size. | Delete the font, correct your font file then reload the font to the printer. Enter the font size. This fault can only be created using DOS files to download fonts. |
| 78 | Font code problem | Corrupted font file. | Delete and then replace the corrupted font. |
| 79 | Time out of range | Incorrect time form sent to the printer. e.g. 2530 | Correct the field. |
| 80 | Date out of range | Incorrect date form sent to the printer. e.g. 321002 | Correct the field. |
| 81 | Can't update variable | Variable has not been designed in the format or is missing. | Correct the format design. |
| 82 | Global variable unknown | The Global variable has not been loaded to the printer or has been deleted. | Resend the global variable to the printer. |
| 83 | Daysave error | Incorrect information entered in the daylight save field. | Correct the daylight saving field. |
| 84 | Sys param out of range | Changing a system parameter with a value out range. | Correct the parameters with in your format design The fault can only be created using Termode or Service. |
| 85 | Too Many Horizontal Steps | 1. The Home offset set too high for the size of Printer. 2. The printer has not seen the end or the sensor has failed. The one to the right of the printer. | 1. Reduce the home offset. 2. Check the sensor is clean & working and the Ribbon cables are not fouling the guard of the printer. Top line may read as a 107S when the printer is a 107M, |

Note:- *The first error displayed by the mini terminal is the fault. Any other faults shown on the display may be generated because of the fault displayed.*

| Error Number | Error Message | Reason | Corrective Measures |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| 86 | Format has no image | The Format has not been generated for the Image memory when other Faults have occurred. | Rectify the faults within the format. |
| 87 | Line with no network number | Format sent to the wrong network number. | Check the network numbers are correct. |
| 88 | Line with unwanted network number | Network number selected in Codesoft. Printer has no network number set. | Printer settings, then Advanced. Uncheck the "Network" box. Then click OK. |
| 89 | Burn file corrupt | Bad data written in the burn file before being compiled, or corrupted on send. | Check & correct the burn file |
| 90 | Burn file to long | Incorrect burn file design. | Check & correct the burn file. |
| 91 | Burn duty too high | 1. The burn duty in the format has been set too high. 2. The burn duty in set parameters is too high. 3. The burn duty is close to or set on the upper limit and the room or head temperature has raised. | 1. Reduce the burn duty within the format and resend to the printer. Or change with in the mini terminal. 1. 2 & 3. Reduce the burn duty within set parameters. |
| 92 | H table overrun | Internal software error. | Report, with format to Open Date UK |
| 93 | R table overrun | Internal software error. | Report, with format to Open Date UK |
| 94 | V table overrun | Internal software error. | Report, with format to Open Date UK |
| 95 | Bad case | Internal software error. | Report, with format to Open Date UK |
| 96 | Can't write parameter Update | Internal software error. | Try INEW, then report, with format to supplier |
| 97 | Can't read parameter Update | Internal software error. | Try INEW, then report, with format to supplier |
| 98 | Bad file copy | Internal software error. | Try INEW, then report, with format to supplier |
| 99 | Can't open temp FMS | Internal software error. | Try INEW, then report, with format to supplier |
| 100 | Can't open parameter file | Internal software error. | Try INEW, then report, with format to supplier |
| 101 | Can't open format file | Internal software error. | Try INEW, then report, with format to supplier |
| 102 | Get Character fail | Internal software error. | Try INEW, then report, with format to supplier |
| 103 | CM_ALLOCATE fail | Internal software error. | Try INEW, then report, with format to supplier |
| 104 | FM_ALLOCATE fail | Internal software error. | Try INEW, then report, with format to supplier |
| 105 | Write to read only store | Internal software error. | Try INEW, then report, with format to supplier |
| 106 | Read only store missing | Internal software error. | Try INEW. Try reloading .HEX file, report, with format to Open Date UK |
| 107 | ASY_STAT bad | Internal software error. | Report, with format to supplier |
| 108 | Print On Line | Printer waiting a print signal. | (No error) |
| 109 | Loading Format | Format being loaded to the image memory. | (No error) |
| 110 | Creating Image | Image being created within the image memory. | (No error) |
| 111 | Printing | Only seen when printing large formats at low speed. | (No error) |

Note:- *The first error displayed by the mini terminal is the fault. Any other faults shown on the display may be generated because of the fault displayed.*

| Error Number | Error Message | Reason | Corrective Measures |
|--------------|---------------------------------|--|---|
| 112 | Cassette Off | Cassette is off or possible sensor fault. | If the cassette is on the printer but the cassette off message appears check the cassette release & the cassette sensor. |
| 113 | Ribbon break | Burn too high, ribbon settings incorrect | Reduce the burn. Check the ribbon settings. Check the cassette brake arm tension. |
| 114 | Initialising | Printer boot up sequence. | (No error) |
| 115 | Find pre print | Pre print height. Default 1mm. User selectable | Service Menu, No 3, Datum. 1 to 9mm (No error) |
| 116 | Parking | Printer boot up sequence & after replacing the Cassette. | (No error) |
| 117 | Error | You have an error | Press the enter key, scroll down to the last fault in the list. |
| 118 | Printing paused | Operator selected printing paused. | Deselect paused printing |
| 119 | Count Completed | Selected number of printer counts completed. | Reset the counter field. Will occur after one print if infinite print is not selected within Codesoft. |
| 120 | Ribbon Low | The ribbon is low or incorrect ribbon settings | Replace the ribbon. Check the ribbon settings 50, 300 or 500mm |
| 121 | Print Off Line | No format loaded to the printer image memories | Select or download a format |
| 122 | Prints too close for high speed | The printer was still printing the last image when distance delay expired. | Try decreasing the distance from the print registration sensor to the printer. |
| 123 | Trigger whilst printing | A print signal sent to the printer when printing. | Try decreasing, the distance from the print r egistration sensor to the printer. Check the shaft encoder. (See fault 125) |
| 124 | Trigger no profile | Software error. | Try reloading the format. Report to supplier. |
| 125 | Too many triggers | Too many print signals sent to the printer. | Check the encoder for mechanical faults, encoder drive wheel slip, mounting brackets etc. Check the electrical connections. Reduce the distance of sensor from printer. |
| 126 | Too many shift codes | Too many shift codes entered in the format design | Reduce the number of shift codes maximum of 24 |
| 127 | Home offset too big | Home offset too large within the format design | Reduce the home offset & resend the format to the printer. |
| 128 | Bar too large | The barcode is to large for the printer to generate | Try reducing the barcode bar width |
| 129 | Can't open fixed config | Major internal software error. | Try reloading the firmware. Contact supplier. |
| 130 | Can't open new config | Major internal software error. | Try reloading the firmware. Contact supplier. |
| 131 | Failed config read | Major internal software error. | Try reloading the firmware. Contact supplier. |
| 132 | Command not supported | Major internal software error. | Try reloading the firmware. Contact supplier. |
| 133 | Can't load file | Major internal software error. | Try reloading the firmware. Contact supplier. |
| 134 | Nip Roller open | 53E Nip roller is open (53E only) | Close the nip roller. If you cannot clear the error check the nip roller sensor & the 5 volts. |
| 135 | Not Used. | | |
| 136 | Trigger whilst Printing | A print signal was sent to the printer whilst it was updating the variable fields. | Try decreasing, the distance from the print registration sensor to the printer. Check the shaft encoder. (See fault 125) |
| 137 | Disk Full | Too many formats loaded to the printer (Printer RAM Disk) | Delete some formats from the printer memory. |
| 138 | SPY chip fail | Reminder message | After 14 days the printer will stop printing. Change the print head. See note 1 on page 41. |

Note:- *The first error displayed by the mini terminal is the fault. Any other faults shown on the display may be generated because of the fault displayed.*

| Error Number | Error Message | Reason | Corrective Measures |
|--------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 139 | Print Before image update | The printer image memory has not updated the variable information sent to the printer, usually from a data base (UPMODE 3) | Ensure the update is sequenced correctly. |
| 140 | Day/Month offset wrong | Day offset entered with a month offset | Correct the formats design. Remove the day offset if a month offset is required. You cannot use both types of offset at once. |
| 141 | Comm output timeout | Printer port timed out. | Clear the error. Resend the data if required. If the printer has locked up reboot it. |
| 142 | Printer Locked | Variable CFRPT2 has been set to 2. | You cannot send any formats or fonts to printer when locked. Clear the error, unlock the printer then resend the format or font. |
| 143 | IP_SMALL_BUFF TCP/IP | Internal error | Try reloading the firmware. Contact supplier |
| 144 | LOCKED | Incorrect use of CFRPT2 | Correct the way you are using of CFRPT2. |
| 145 | Serial Line overflow | Using the "0Y" command more than once. Returns variable data to a computer, using UPMOD 4 & UPMOD 5 | Correct the format design and resend to the printer. |
| 146 | Variable type unknown | Trying to create an unrecognisable variable (Not a counter or date) | Recreate the variable the correct way. |
| 147 | Var File | Trying to use a file type variable and cannot open the file with the data | Correct the variable file and resend to the printer |
| 148 | Comtrig invalid | Invalid field entry in the variable SYSCOMTRIG | Correct the data entered in the SYSCOMTRIG field. |
| 149 | Comtrig loop too small | The distance between the formats is too small. | Increase the distance between the prints in SYSCOMTRIG |
| 150 | Trggers /image don't match | SYSCOMTRIG is incorrect and does not match the formats | Correct the SYSCOMTRIG or the number of formats required for printing. |
| 151 | Using COMTRIG without SYSILEN | No Value set in SYSILEN | Send the length of the largest image to be printed. The value is in millimeters. |
| 152 | Multi Image select invalid | Valid Image memories are W0X, W1X, W2X. X being the image number | Two or more image memory numbers are the same. Correct the image memory number. See document Multi Printing for Continuous & Intermittent Printers. |
| 153 | No image selected with SYSILEN | SYSILEN has no image memory address. | The SYSILEN has not been allocated an image memory address. (ILEN ,00,01,02 etc) |
| 154 | COHDEL to big | COHDEL is set to large in relation to the print height & pressure | Reduce COHDEL then clear the error. Max value is dependent on print head height. This is measured in steps. |
| 155 | No Press confirmed | No pressure confirmed. Internal software error. | Pressure not seen in the internal software loop when starting to print. To indicate the difference between a pressure or pressure sensor fault. |
| 156 | Bad PCX | PCX graphic error | Change or modify the graphic and resend to the printer. |
| 157 | Counter field CINIT | Counter fields not recognised after installing new firmware. | CINIT the printer then reload the fonts and formats |
| 158 | Speed to slow | Variable type MCPSLOW is set to 1 | The parent machine speed is the same as or slower then value set in MCSPEED |

Note:- *The first error displayed by the mini terminal is the fault. Any other faults shown on the display may be generated because of the fault displayed.*

| Error Number | Error Message | Reason | Corrective Measures |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| 5007 5008 5009 5010 | Open Date Loading Error | 1.Noise down the communication lead i.e. sending a format or font when the printer is booting up. 2.Bootting your computer & printer at the same time | 1.Do not send to the printer except firmware when booting up. Reboot the Printer. 2.Do not boot the computer and printer together. Disconnect the comms lead from the printer and reboot it |
| 5011 | Loading Error | Baud rate incorrect | Check baud rate is same on computer and printer. |

Note:- *The first error displayed by the mini terminal is the fault. Any other faults shown on the display may be generated because of the fault displayed.*

Note 1:- **Spy chip fail**. When this message first appears this will read “**SPY chip fail 12, 34,14**”
This will allow the printer to run for 14 days decrementing each day to 0.
On the 14th day the message will read “**SPY chip fail 12, 2233, 0**”

An error message will be displayed daily at approximately midday until the fourteen days have expired or the printhead has been changed.

Print Speed & Burn Modifications within Software

The modifications that have been included with the software, automatically adjust all the printhead CONT lines percentage values for different printing speeds.

Software Advantages

- Longer Printhead Life (lower initial power settings).
- Improved Quality of Print (even density of image).
- Automatic burn adjustment at different speeds (speed compensation).

Automatic Speed Compensation

The software allows the user to change print speed of a format without the need to adjust the burn values.

The speed compensation chart below gives a guide as to the maximum and proposed values for printing onto various materials using different thermal transfer ribbons.

Speed Compensation Chart

Use the values below to configure the print format ready for printing. The values are only a general guide and are likely to need changing to suit the material to be printed.

Once the image is correct, the print speed can be adjusted to suit the application. Burn values will be automatically adjusted to suit.

| Description | Value |
|---|-----------|
| Print speed | 100mm/sec |
| Maximum burn value (nominal) | 303µsec |
| Polyethylene type material (wax/resin foil) | 180µsec |
| Polyester type material (wax/resin foil) | 200µsec |
| Label type material (wax/resin foil) | 240µsec |
| Polyethylene type material (resin foil) | 200µsec |
| Polyester type material (resin foil) | 220µsec |
| Label type material (resin foil) | 260µsec |
| Thermal label (direct thermal) | 200µsec |

Speed Charts

Maximum Cycles - 53 & 107

Continuous printing mode and with fixed text.

The figures below include time from print (trigger) signal to end of ribbon move.

| Print Speed mm/sec Ribbon Time | Print 3mm 32 | Print 4mm 38 | Print 6mm 44 | Print 8mm 48 | Print 10mm 60 | Print 12mm 64 | Print 15mm 72 | Print 18mm 78 | Print 20mm 81 | Print 25mm 95 | Print 30mm 102 | Print 35mm 118 | Print 40mm 131 | Print 45mm 141 | Print 50mm 150 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 50 | 395 | 337 | 268 | 224 | 188 | 165 | 137 | 120 | 111 | 92 | 79 | 68 | 61 | 54 | 50 |
| 60 | 423 | 364 | 294 | 249 | 209 | 185 | 155 | 137 | 126 | 105 | 91 | 79 | 70 | 63 | 58 |
| 70 | 445 | 387 | 316 | 270 | 228 | 203 | 170 | 152 | 141 | 117 | 102 | 88 | 79 | 71 | 65 |
| 80 | 463 | 405 | 335 | 288 | 245 | 219 | 184 | 165 | 153 | 128 | 112 | 97 | 87 | 79 | 72 |
| 90 | 479 | 421 | 352 | 305 | 260 | 233 | 197 | 178 | 165 | 139 | 121 | 106 | 94 | 86 | 78 |
| 100 | 492 | 435 | 366 | 319 | 273 | 246 | 208 | 189 | 176 | 148 | 130 | 114 | 102 | 92 | 85 |
| 110 | 503 | 447 | 378 | 332 | 284 | 257 | 219 | 199 | 186 | 157 | 138 | 121 | 108 | 98 | 90 |
| 120 | 513 | 457 | 390 | 344 | 295 | 268 | 228 | 208 | 195 | 165 | 146 | 128 | 114 | 104 | 96 |
| 130 | | 466 | 400 | 354 | 305 | 277 | 237 | 217 | 203 | 173 | 153 | 134 | 120 | 110 | 101 |
| 140 | | 474 | 409 | 363 | 313 | 286 | 245 | 225 | 211 | 180 | 159 | 140 | 126 | 115 | 106 |
| 150 | | 481 | 417 | 372 | 321 | 294 | 252 | 233 | 219 | 187 | 166 | 146 | 131 | 120 | 110 |
| 160 | | | | 380 | 329 | 302 | 259 | 240 | 226 | 193 | 172 | 151 | 136 | 124 | 115 |
| 170 | | | | 387 | 336 | 308 | 265 | 246 | 232 | 199 | 177 | 156 | 141 | 129 | 119 |
| 180 | | | | 394 | 342 | 315 | 271 | 252 | 238 | 204 | 183 | 161 | 145 | 133 | 123 |
| 190 | | | | 400 | 348 | 321 | 277 | 258 | 244 | 209 | 188 | 166 | 149 | 137 | 127 |
| 200 | | | | 405 | 353 | 326 | 282 | 263 | 249 | 214 | 192 | 170 | 153 | 141 | 130 |
| 210 | | | | 411 | 358 | 331 | 286 | 268 | 254 | 219 | 197 | 174 | 157 | 144 | 134 |
| 220 | | | | 416 | 363 | 336 | 291 | 273 | 259 | 223 | 201 | 178 | 161 | 148 | 137 |
| 230 | | | | | | | 295 | 277 | 263 | 228 | 205 | 182 | 164 | 151 | 140 |
| 240 | | | | | | | 299 | 282 | 267 | 232 | 209 | 185 | 168 | 154 | 143 |
| 250 | | | | | | | 303 | 286 | 271 | 235 | 213 | 189 | 171 | 157 | 146 |
| 260 | | | | | | | | | | 239 | 216 | 192 | 174 | 160 | 149 |
| 270 | | | | | | | | | | 242 | 220 | 195 | 177 | 163 | 152 |
| 280 | | | | | | | | | | 246 | 223 | 198 | 180 | 166 | 154 |
| 290 | | | | | | | | | | 249 | 226 | 201 | 182 | 168 | 157 |
| 300 | | | | | | | | | | 252 | 229 | 204 | 185 | 171 | 159 |

Print Time - 53 & 107 Thermocode 53 & 107

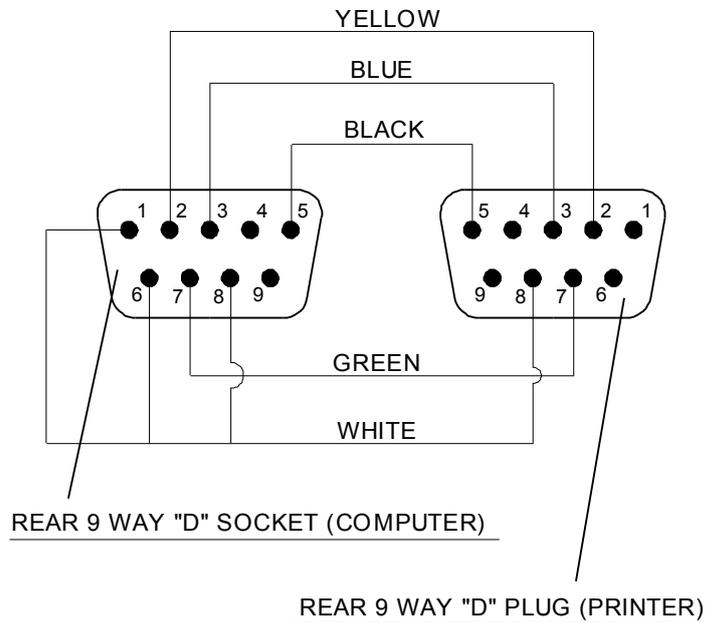
Assuming 1mm print height and 20 pressure

The figures below include time from print (trigger) signal to end of ribbon move.

| Print Speed mm/sec | Print 3mm | Print 4mm | Print 6mm | Print 8mm | Print 10mm | Print 12mm | Print 15mm | Print 18mm | Print 20mm | Print 25mm | Print 30mm | Print 35mm | Print 40mm | Print 45mm | Print 50mm |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 50 | 85 | 105 | 145 | 185 | 225 | 265 | 325 | 385 | 425 | 525 | 625 | 725 | 825 | 925 | 1025 |
| 60 | 75 | 92 | 125 | 158 | 192 | 225 | 275 | 325 | 358 | 442 | 525 | 608 | 692 | 775 | 858 |
| 70 | 68 | 82 | 111 | 139 | 168 | 196 | 239 | 282 | 311 | 382 | 454 | 525 | 596 | 668 | 739 |
| 80 | 63 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 213 | 250 | 275 | 338 | 400 | 463 | 525 | 588 | 650 |
| 90 | 58 | 69 | 92 | 114 | 136 | 158 | 192 | 225 | 247 | 303 | 358 | 414 | 469 | 525 | 581 |
| 100 | 55 | 65 | 85 | 105 | 125 | 145 | 175 | 205 | 225 | 275 | 325 | 375 | 425 | 475 | 525 |
| 110 | 52 | 61 | 80 | 98 | 116 | 134 | 161 | 189 | 207 | 252 | 298 | 343 | 389 | 434 | 480 |
| 120 | 50 | 58 | 75 | 92 | 108 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 192 | 233 | 275 | 317 | 358 | 400 | 442 |
| 130 | 48 | 56 | 71 | 87 | 102 | 117 | 140 | 163 | 179 | 217 | 256 | 294 | 333 | 371 | 410 |
| 140 | 46 | 54 | 68 | 82 | 96 | 111 | 132 | 154 | 168 | 204 | 239 | 275 | 311 | 346 | 382 |
| 150 | 45 | 52 | 65 | 78 | 92 | 105 | 125 | 145 | 158 | 192 | 225 | 258 | 292 | 325 | 358 |
| 160 | 44 | 50 | 63 | 75 | 88 | 100 | 119 | 138 | 150 | 181 | 213 | 244 | 275 | 306 | 338 |
| 170 | 43 | 49 | 60 | 72 | 84 | 96 | 113 | 131 | 143 | 172 | 201 | 231 | 260 | 290 | 319 |
| 180 | 42 | 47 | 58 | 69 | 81 | 92 | 108 | 125 | 136 | 164 | 192 | 219 | 247 | 275 | 303 |
| 190 | 41 | 46 | 57 | 67 | 78 | 88 | 104 | 120 | 130 | 157 | 183 | 209 | 236 | 262 | 288 |
| 200 | 40 | 45 | 55 | 65 | 75 | 85 | 100 | 115 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 200 | 225 | 250 | 275 |
| 210 | 39 | 44 | 54 | 63 | 73 | 82 | 96 | 111 | 120 | 144 | 168 | 192 | 215 | 239 | 263 |
| 220 | 39 | 43 | 52 | 61 | 70 | 80 | 93 | 107 | 116 | 139 | 161 | 184 | 207 | 230 | 252 |
| 230 | 38 | 42 | 51 | 60 | 68 | 77 | 90 | 103 | 112 | 134 | 155 | 177 | 199 | 221 | 242 |
| 240 | 38 | 42 | 50 | 58 | 67 | 75 | 88 | 100 | 108 | 129 | 150 | 171 | 192 | 213 | 233 |
| 250 | 37 | 41 | 49 | 57 | 65 | 73 | 85 | 97 | 105 | 125 | 145 | 165 | 185 | 205 | 225 |
| 260 | 37 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 63 | 71 | 83 | 94 | 102 | 121 | 140 | 160 | 179 | 198 | 217 |
| 270 | 36 | 40 | 47 | 55 | 62 | 69 | 81 | 92 | 99 | 118 | 136 | 155 | 173 | 192 | 210 |
| 280 | 36 | 39 | 46 | 54 | 61 | 68 | 79 | 89 | 96 | 114 | 132 | 150 | 168 | 186 | 204 |
| 290 | 35 | 39 | 46 | 53 | 59 | 66 | 77 | 87 | 94 | 111 | 128 | 146 | 163 | 180 | 197 |
| 300 | 35 | 38 | 45 | 52 | 58 | 65 | 75 | 85 | 92 | 108 | 125 | 142 | 158 | 175 | 192 |

Connection Lead

COMPUTER TO PRINTER 9 WAY "D" CONNECTOR (COM1)



Re – Order: PART No. LEA 755021

Airbourne Noise Emissions

Comprehensive tests have been carried out with the Thermocode fitted in a standard printer frame and mounted onto a typical label applicator. Measurements were taken at 1.6 metres above floor level and approximately 1 metre away from the printer in all directions.

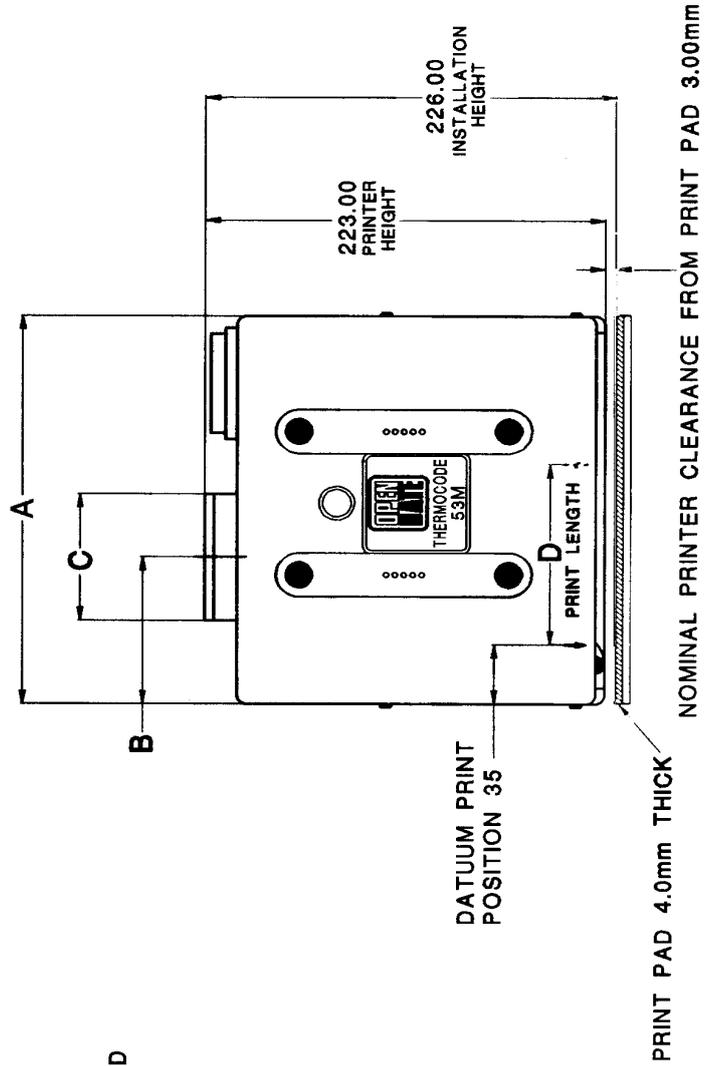
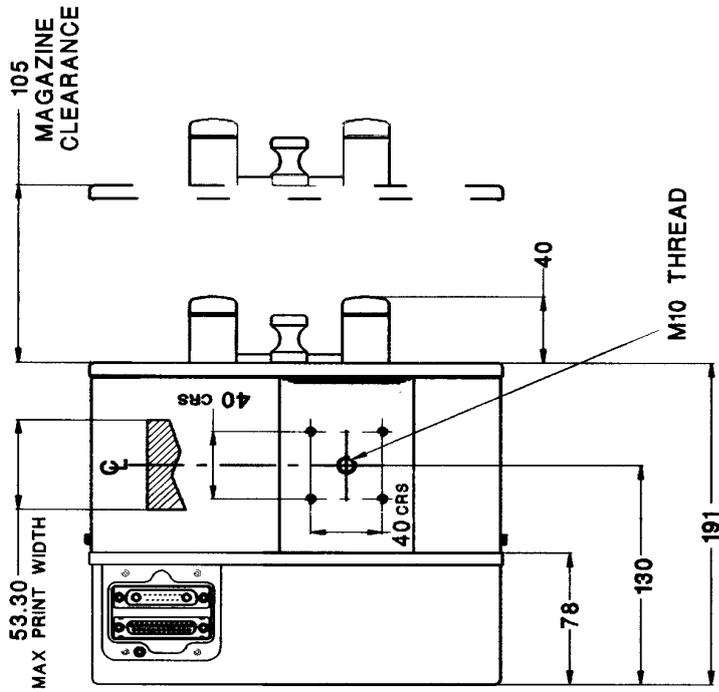
The measuring equipment used for conducting the tests was a Digital Sound Level Meter, type d-1405E supplied by Lucas CEL. Before the tests were carried out the instrument was calibrated and fitted with a foam windshield.

The noise levels shown below are the equivalent continuous "A-weighted" sound pressure levels in decibels "dB(A)".

| PRINTER STATUS | NOISE LEVEL - DECIBELS (dB) |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Awaiting Print signal | 0 |
| Continuously printing | 66 |

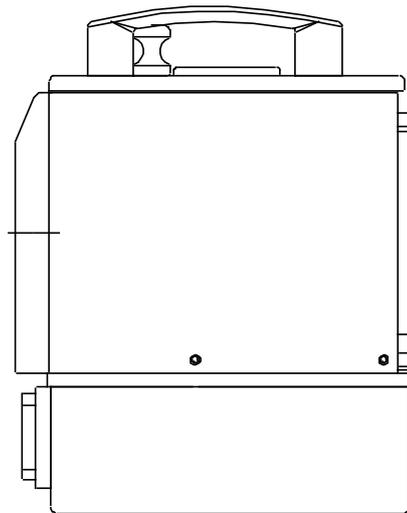
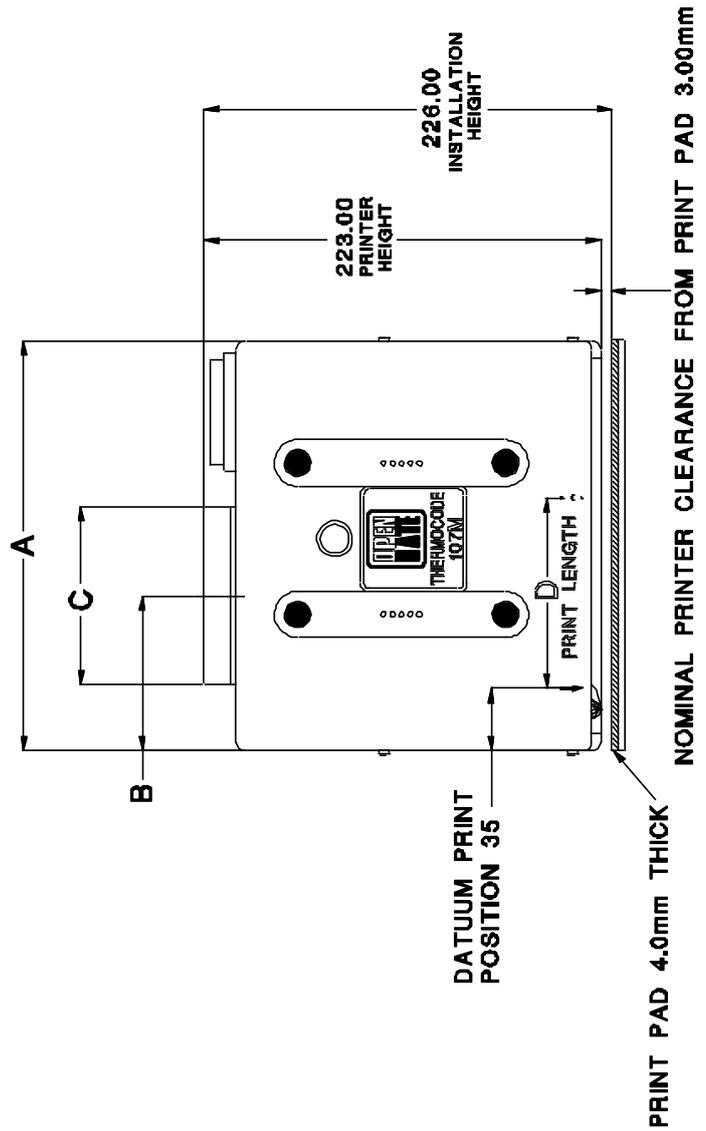
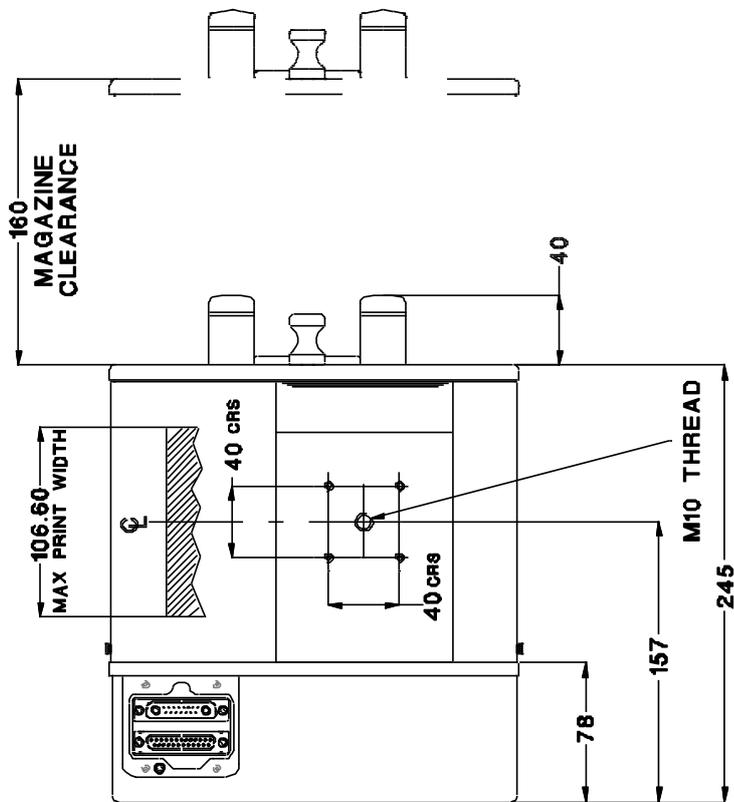
Thermocode Series 2 (53) Printer Dimensions

| MODEL | DIMENSIONS | | | |
|-------|------------|-----|----|--------|
| | A | B | C | D |
| 53S | 180 | 60 | 75 | 53.30 |
| 53M | 230 | 87 | 75 | 106.60 |
| 53L | 290 | 115 | 75 | 160.00 |

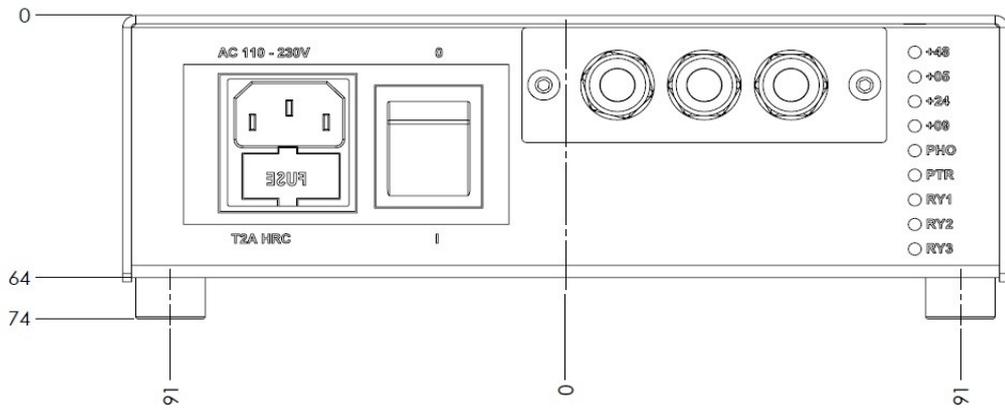
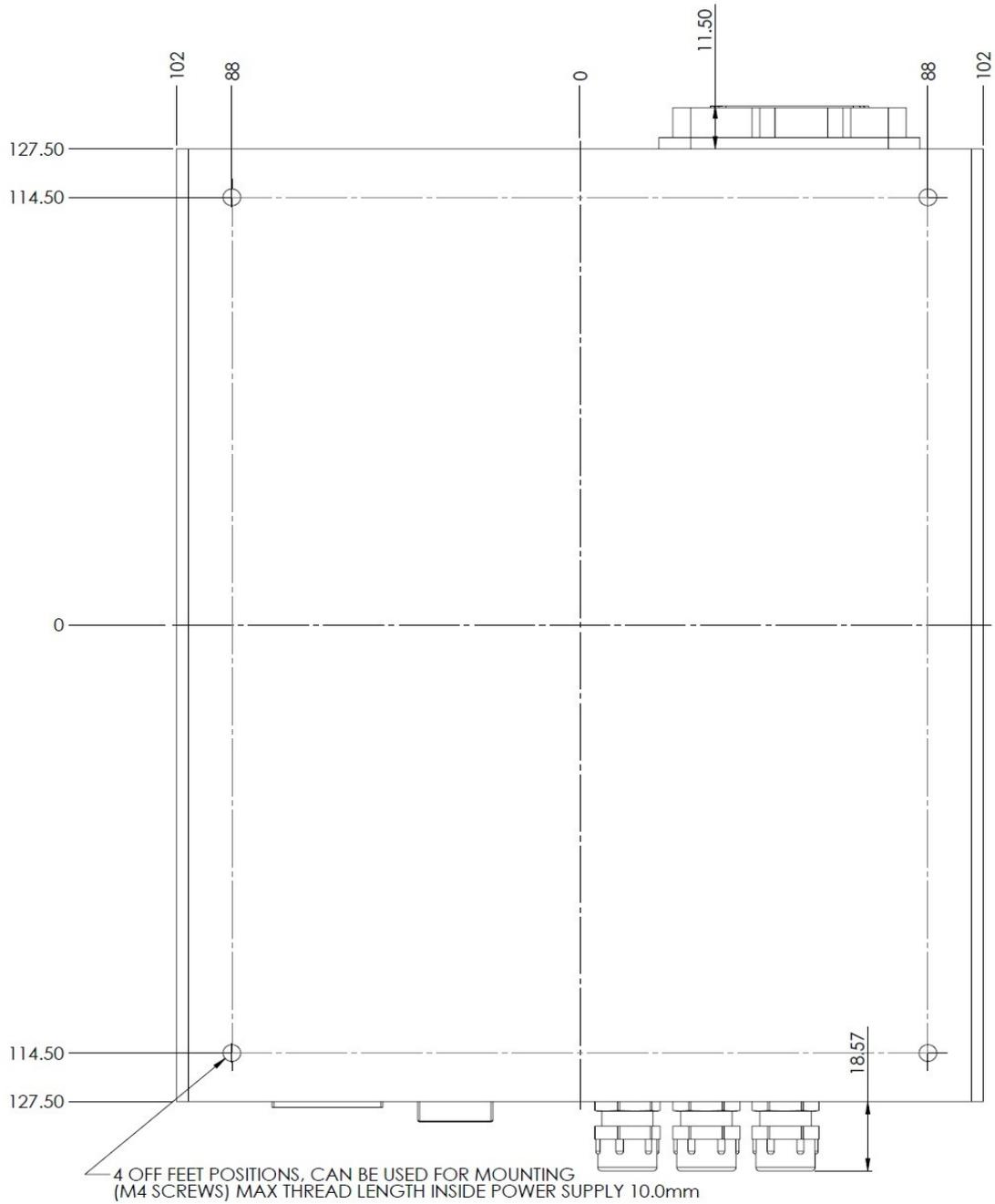


Thermocode Series 2 (107) Printer Dimensions

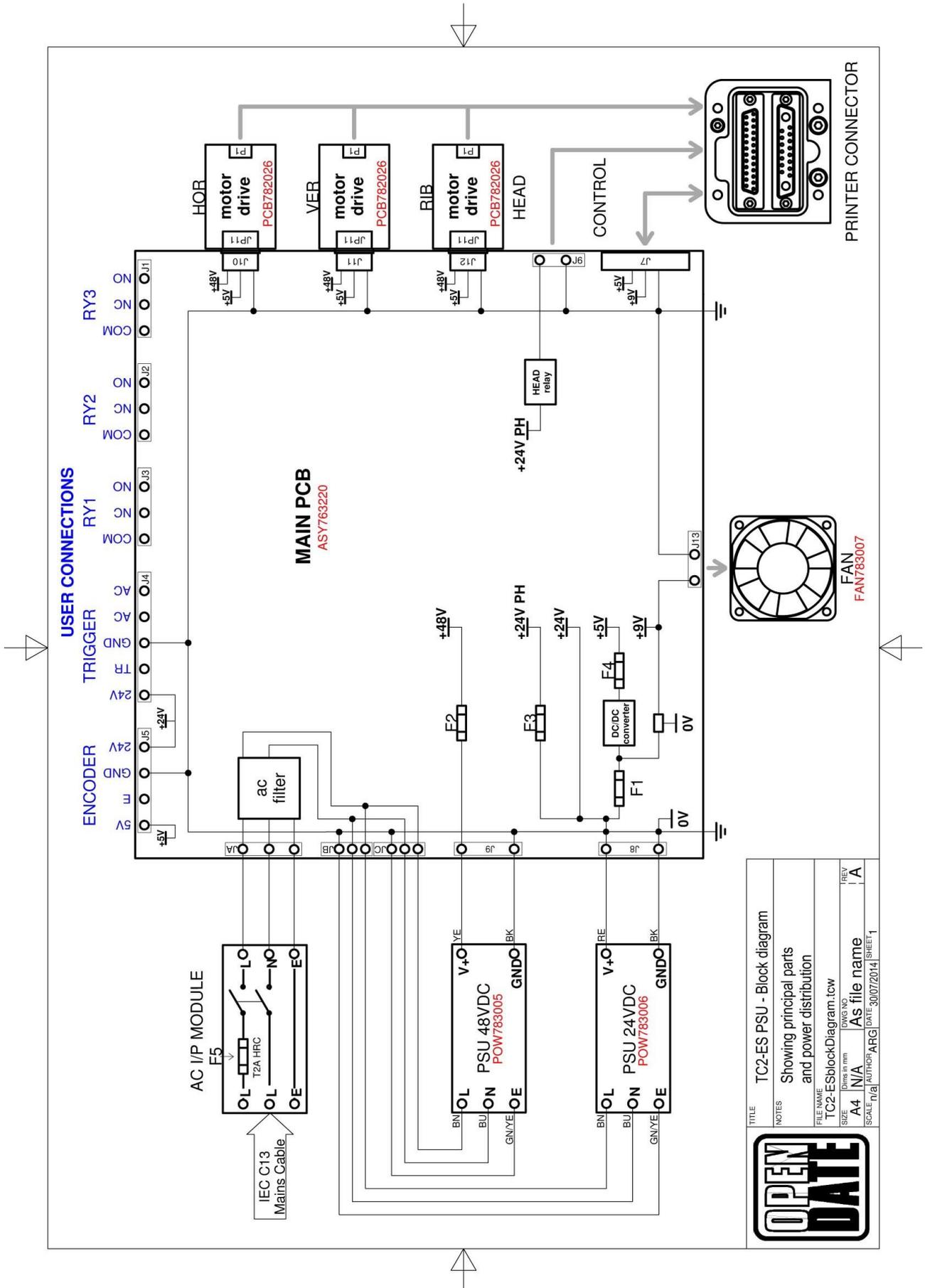
| MODEL | DIMENSIONS | | | |
|-------|------------|-----|-----|--------|
| | A | B | C | D |
| 107S | 180 | 60 | 75 | 53.30 |
| 107M | 230 | 87 | 100 | 106.60 |
| 107L | 290 | 115 | 100 | 160.00 |



Power Supply Dimensions & Fixing Points



Power Supply Block Diagram



| | |
|-----------|--|
| TITLE | TC2-ES PSU - Block diagram |
| NOTES | Showing principal parts and power distribution |
| FILE NAME | TC2-ESblockDiagram.tcw |
| SIZE | A4 |
| SCALE | N/A |
| DATE | 30/07/2014 |
| REV | A |



Open Date Group Companies

| | | |
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